

The Columbian.

VOL 42.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY APRIL 25, 1907.

NO. 16.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS

AT THE

Farmers National Bank.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, PRES. M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.

COMPTROLLER'S CALL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business March 22nd, 1907.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	\$540,518.08	Capital Stock, Surplus and Profits	\$100,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Circulation	44,449.46
Cash and Reserve	70,461.33	Bank Deposits	98,800.00
		Individual Deposits	10,322.52
			365,407.43
	\$618,979.41		\$618,979.41

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

KILLED ON PENNSY.

Bruce Slusser and Two Horses Struck by An Engine at Mifflinville.

DEATH INSTANTANEOUS.

Driving a two horse team on the Pennsylvania tracks near Mifflinville, Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock, Bruce Slusser, aged 22 years, of Hetterville, was instantly killed. Both of the horses were killed and the wagon was demolished. Slusser was the tenant on the B. D. Freas farm.

The train was running at a high rate of speed, and when the tender struck the vehicle, Slusser was hurled high into the air. His remains were found lying on the ground seventy-five feet away from the crossing, face downward. His neck had been broken and death was instantaneous.

Young Slusser was engaged in hauling wood for William Smith, of Mifflinville. When the accident occurred he was just driving out from the wood lot on to a crossing that is seldom used. The train was only a few feet away from him, but he did not appear to see it. Before the engineer could diminish the speed the tender was upon the team, striking with terrific force. Engineer Aaron Raup, of Catawissa, who was on the engine, stopped at once and backed to the scene of the accident.

There a harrowing sight met the eyes of the passengers and the train crew. The one horse was terribly mangled and blood and bits of flesh were strewn along the tracks. The body was placed on the train and taken to the Mifflinville station.

The unfortunate young man is survived by his father, George Slusser, of Hetterville. He was married last December to Miss Elizabeth Lorah, of Berwick.

After the accident Engineer Raup stated that he saw Slusser driving toward the tracks, but had no idea that he would attempt to cross, as the tracks are straight for a distance of 500 feet and Slusser had plenty of time to see the train. A coroner's jury was empaneled by Deputy Coroner Sutton of Berwick.

The verdict in effect was that Bruce Slusser came to his death through contributory negligence on the part of the Pennsylvania Railroad company.

At the hearing it was brought out—through the testimony of the engineer himself—that Engineer Raup, at the time of the accident was not watching the tracks, as he was occupied fixing the injector. Neither did the fireman see young Slusser's perilous position until the locomotive was almost upon the wagon. It was brought out in the testimony that no alarm was sounded.

That the railroad realizes that it has an important case to deal with is shown by the fact that the company was represented at the inquest yesterday by its counsel, L. E. Waller, Esq., of Wilkes-Barre; Superintendent Allibone, the general passenger agent, and a stenographer.

TOWNSEND'S

Townsend's Clothing Store expects to move to the new quarters next week. The alterations and improvements to the room are going rapidly forward, and when completed it will be a handsome store.

GAS EXPLOSION AT NORMAL.

The basement of the new science building at the Normal School was badly damaged by an explosion of gas on Tuesday at 1:30 p. m. The smell of gas had been noticed, and Irvin Housel, the fireman, was hunting for the leak with a lighted candle. On holding the candle near an opening in the floor of the botany room on the second floor of the building a terrific explosion followed. Housel, who was lying on his stomach under a desk, was hurled several feet. Fortunately there were only three others in the building at the time. In ten minutes a class would have been there for recitation. No one was seriously injured.

On the second floor chairs were overturned, desks loosened, and the walls damaged. The force of the explosion went downward. On the first floor plaster and lath were torn from the wall, the glass partitions between the music rooms were shattered, the heating apparatus damaged, and studding three inches thick broken.

The damage was occasioned by the negligence of some one engaged on the plumbing job in leaving the end of a pipe uncapped.

The space between the walls and floors were full of gas, and when the candle came in contact with the gas the explosion occurred. It is a great wonder that more damage was not done and it is a still greater wonder that the building was not destroyed by fire.

FREIGHT BY TROLLEY.

Governor Stuart has signed the bill giving trolley lines the right to carry express and freight matter. It goes into effect at once.

Light freight, according to the terms of the bill, include farm produce, garden truck, milk and like merchandise.

Local communities are permitted to impose reasonable restrictions, but, as amended, the bill carries the right on the part of the trolley companies to have the common pleas court of the county review such regulations and to determine their reasonableness.

Efforts to make freight carrying obligatory failed. It remains optional with all companies, heretofore or hereafter to be incorporated, whether or not they accept the privilege conferred.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

William Beishline, administrator of Joseph H. Beishline, deceased, will sell personal property on the premises 3 miles east of Millville, on Wednesday, May 1st at ten o'clock sharp.

The property consists of horses, cows, pigs, chickens, wagons, cultivators, harrows, binder, mower, threshing machine, grain drill, cream separator, roller, plows, harness, forks, shovels, meat, lard, potatoes, grain, scales, lumber, vinegar, stoves, book case, cupboard, table, chairs, carpet, clocks, and many other things.

Big Trout.

Ex-sheriff Boyd McHenry of Benton caught 39 trout on Wednesday, one of which measured 12½ inches.

The biggest one reported this season was caught by Clarence Stout near Grassmere yesterday. It measured 22 inches, and weighed 3½ pounds.

MRS. SARAH LOWENBERG.

This well known and estimable lady departed this life at her home on Main street, on Tuesday morning at half-past ten o'clock. She had been in failing health for the past two years, but her condition became serious only within the past two weeks.

Mrs. Lowenberg was born in Bavaria, Germany in 1832. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Loeb Kohns, who came with his family to America in 1851, and located at Wilkes-Barre. In 1860 she was married to David Lowenberg, and they came to Bloomsburg to live.

Mrs. Lowenberg was most highly esteemed by all who knew her. She was of gentle and retiring disposition, of intelligence and refinement. Her family connections were excellent.

She leaves to survive her the following children: Louis Lowenberg and Mrs. Regina Dreifus, of Milton; Joseph Lowenberg of Norristown; William Lowenberg, residing on Fourth street, and Oscar Lowenberg and Misses Rebecca and Stella Lowenberg, living at home.

The deceased was the second wife of David Lowenberg, and was a sister of the first wife, Miss Rebecca was the only child by the first marriage.

Mr. Lowenberg died June 7th, 1887. He was one of Bloomsburg's most respected citizens. He had held the office of President of the Town Council for a number of years, was county treasurer for one term, one of the recognized leaders of the Democratic party, and always in sympathy with every movement for the betterment of the town. On the day of his funeral all business places were closed, and a special train to Wilkes-Barre carried several hundred people to the Jewish cemetery at that place where interment was made. Mrs. Lowenberg will be buried at that place in the family plot, by the side of her husband.

The funeral took place this morning at the residence, and was conducted by Rev. Dr. Salzman, rabbi of the Wilkes-Barre synagogue. The remains were taken on the 10:56 Pennsylvania train to the cemetery named.

WILL REMOVE TO SUNBURY.

Judge Herring has changed his plans in relation to his removal to Pittsburg, and instead will go to Sunbury where he has formed a partnership with Hon. S. P. Wolverton. He went there on Tuesday, and in future will make his home there, his family going there as soon as a suitable house can be found.

He will continue to practice in this and Montour counties, but his Bloomsburg office will not be maintained.

The law firm consists of Senator Wolverton, Judge Herring and S. P. Wolverton, Jr.

SISTER OF OSCAR STRAUS.

Mr. and Mrs. Lazarus Kohns of New York city were in Bloomsburg this week to attend the funeral of Mrs. David Lowenberg, who was a sister of Mr. Kohns. It is fifty years now since he came here to attend the funeral of another sister, the first Mrs. Lowenberg. Mr. Kohns is extensively engaged in the manufacture and importation of china and earthenware in New York. His wife is a sister of Oscar J. Straus, Secretary of Commerce and Labor in President Roosevelt's cabinet.

BENEFIT RECITAL.

Miss Rosa E. Vollrath will give a musical recital in the Normal Auditorium next Monday evening, in which she will be assisted by Mr. Gines Escanaverino, violinist.

Miss Vollrath has established a reputation as an accomplished vocalist. She is the leading soprano of the Presbyterian choir, and has also sung in the Episcopal choir. She has frequently been heard at the Normal school, and has sung at institutes and in concerts repeatedly. It is her desire to go to New York and still further cultivate her vocal talent.

Mr. Escanaverino is a violinist of marked ability. He has been heard here frequently, and his playing is always enjoyable. The program to be given is an excellent one, and will be appreciated by all who are fond of good music.

By "good music" we do not mean French and Italian operatic selections, or music of a kind that is too artistic to please the ears of ordinary mortals, but music of a kind that can be understood and enjoyed by a mixed audience.

Miss Vollrath is deserving of a liberal patronage, and the auditorium ought to be well filled. Tickets are now on sale at Bidleman's book store, and the price has been fixed at the very small sum of 25 cents.

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds have been entered of Record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller during the past few days:

Wm. Belles and wife to John S. Housenick, lot of ground in Berwick.

John S. Housenick and wife to W. W. Thomas, lot of ground in Berwick.

B. F. Hicks and wife to Ralph H. Smoyer, lot of ground on northeast corner Sixth and Iron streets in Bloomsburg; consideration \$2000 Berwick Land and Improvement Company to Peter Harman, lot of ground in West Berwick; consideration \$200.

Catherine Mausteller to Harry Hendelson, 20 3/4 acres land in Mifflin township; consideration \$755.

Conewango Building and Loan Association to L. F. Leffer, lot of ground in Michael's Addition to Berwick; consideration \$1425.

Jessie Mensch and Frank Mensch to Wm. McMahon and Anna M. McMahon, containing 91 acres and 70 perches of land in Mt. Pleasant township.

James R. Ritter to S. W. Kelchner, 22 acres and 83 perches of land in Fishing Creek township; consideration \$200.

S. W. Kelchner and wife to H. W. Hess, 22 acres and 83 perches of land in Fishing Creek township; consideration nominal.

TROUT FRY.

Twenty thousand trout fry known as "fingerlings" passed through here last week from the Wayne County Hatchery on their way to Benton. They were placed in Coles Creek, Fishing Creek and West Creek. The trout came in twenty cans and among the number of persons who received them were: S. R. Lemons, Dr. H. G. Hess, Arden Karns, Glen Tubbs, George D. Herbert, Guy Miller, T. A. Little, Hon. John G. McHenry, George Davis, Harry Long, Peter Dildine, Irwin Keeler, B. R. Laubach, Barrett McHenry and Thompson McHenry.

SPRING THINGS.



You read about Spring—you hear about Spring—see Spring and feel Spring. Spring is apparent everywhere and Spring wearables blossom forth on every side.

Swell Spring Suits \$10 to \$25.

Choice Spring Trousers \$2 up.

Handsome Top Coats \$10 to \$25.

Correct Spring Hats \$1 to \$4.



Handsome Spring Haberdashery of all sorts, right from the best and most reputable makers.

There are many new kinks in the cut of Spring Garments and it would be a wise thing to drop in to see what's new, before you fully decide just what you'll wear this Spring.

Always at your service, you know.

THREE FOR ONE TRADING STAMPS SATURDAY.

BEN GIDDING

Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher. Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

J. LEE MARTIN.

J. Lee Martin died at the home of his father-in-law, W. J. Corell, on Market street, on Sunday evening after an extended illness. He leaves to survive him, his wife, a daughter Frances, a sister Mary residing in Philadelphia, two brothers, Frank of Williamsport, and Charles of Philadelphia, and his mother, Mrs. Frank Smith.

The deceased was born at Mifflinburg October 15, 1873. At the age of 19 he graduated from the Butler Conservatory of Music, and soon after that came to Bloomsburg, and entered the jewelry store of J. G. Wells where he remained three years. After that he took a course in engraving and fine repairing at the Bowman Horological School in Lancaster, and then a course in optical work under Dr. Fox in Philadelphia.

He was married to Miss Emma Corell in 1897, and went to Cortland, N. Y. to reside. After three years he returned here in 1900 and opened a jewelry store where the Adams Express office now is, and about three years ago he moved below Market street where he conducted the business up to the time of his death. He had sought to recover his health at Atlantic City, and at Saranac, N. Y. but in vain.

The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the house, the services being conducted by Rev. Dr. Hemingway and Rev. J. E. Byers.

The pall bearers were Dr. Alt-miller, R. F. Colley, J. E. Roys, W. H. Eyer, Frank Schneidman, and R. E. Hartman.

BRIDGE ENGINEER'S COMMISSIONS.

Commissioners Hess, Pohe and Ringrose and county solicitor Rhawn went to Harrisburg yesterday to protest against the exorbitant charges of the state engineers appointed in the matter of the Beaver and the paper mill bridges. A rule was issued by the Dauphin county court on the commissioners to show cause why they should not pay the bills submitted, and it is to answer this rule that they went to Harrisburg. In the Beaver bridge engineer Swinton presented a bill of \$1900, and for the paper mill bridge Oscar E. Thompson charges \$5200.

The commissioners hold that the commission of the engineers should be fixed by the court, and not by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings. The charges seem to be exorbitant, and confirm the general belief that there has been a great waste of money in bridge-building.

CATHEDRAL DEDICATION.

Caldwell Cathedral will be dedicated on September 10th, 11th, and 12th. By that time the building will be completed and entirely furnished. The dedication will be a notable event in Masonic circles.

HOLMES FOR JUDGE.

W. O. Holmes has announced his intention of being a candidate for Associate Judge on the Republican ticket.

THE MAN WITH THE GLASS EYE

By Charles Playfair.

Chapter I

IN a primitive, out-of-the-world Norwegian skids station, about one hundred miles north of the snow-capped Jotunheim, my companion during three wet days was Hans Larsen, a young professor of Christiania University. We were driving by car in opposite directions—the south to the capital, and I north to Throndhjem.

We were the only travellers, and, shut up in the lonely posthouse for three days, it was but natural that we should exchange views upon life in general, and discover that our ideas were identical on many points.

On the fourth day, when the sun shone again, we grasped each other's hand in farewell; not, however, before I had promised to call on him when I returned to the capital on my way to England.

It was six weeks before the wheels of my carriage rattled over the uneven cobbles of Christiania, and on the evening following my arrival I took train for Bygdo, a pleasant suburb overlooking the picturesque fjord, to find my friend. It was already dark when I alighted, but the chief of the rural station directed me to Larsen's house, which, he said, was a small white cottage near the water.

Built, like most Norwegian houses, of pine logs, it stood secluded and isolated, facing the fjord. There was no light in the window, and the wooden porch was so dark that in feeling for the knocker I placed my hand upon the flap of what was evidently the letter box, producing a loud rattling and causing me to start.

I was passing my hand over the woodwork in search of the knocker, when the door was suddenly thrown violently open, a hand grasped my shoulder and I was dragged into a dark passage. The door was closed quickly; then a woman's soft bare arms were thrown around my neck, hot, fervid kisses were rained upon my head and face, while a voice murmured in my ear the words in English:

"Returned at last! My love! So many months I have been waiting! Oscar! My own—"

The remainder of the sentence was lost in a terrible shriek. The arms loosened their hold upon my neck and a body fell to the floor with a thud!

I stood motionless in horror. The awful intensity of the darkness unnerved me. Had the woman who had caressed me so affectionately been struck down?

Bending down to the body that lay at my feet, I listened eagerly. My strained ears caught only the sound of heavy breathing and an occasional gasp.

Again I bent down. My fingers came into contact with something wet and warm. No light was required to tell me it was blood!

I shouted for help, but my voice echoed weirdly through the house, and no one stirred. Just at that moment, however, there was the click of a key in the door, and some one entered.

"A light!" I cried. "Quick! This lady has fainted!"

The newcomer, uttering a cry of surprise, pushed past me, presently returning with a lamp. Upon the floor in a pool of blood lay a handsome girl with a wisp of dark brown hair straying across her blanched cheek.

"What have you done to my daughter?" gasped the woman in alarm.

"Help me to raise her. I will tell you all afterward," I said.

We carried the unconscious girl into a sitting room, and I remained while her mother went for medical assistance.

The doctor, upon examination, found a curious triangular wound in her back, evidently inflicted with a strangely-shaped but exceedingly keen knife. In the darkness she had been struck down by an unknown hand.

I remained an hour, until the doctor, assuring us that the wound would not prove fatal, departed. Then the elder woman followed me to the door, and I told her all I knew.

"I have not the pleasure of knowing your name," she said. "Mine is Tremayne. Will you—will you promise to keep our secret? Remember no one must know of this extraordinary affair—no one. Do not mention the matter even to your dearest friend, for scandal would result, and my daughter Eve would be the sufferer."

I promised secrecy, and left. To speak Larsen at that hour was, I considered, not desirable, for the weather had changed and a dense fog overhung everything. Therefore I groped my way toward Bygdo station. I had not gone far before I became conscious that some one was walking about a hundred yards behind. I quickened my pace, when, to my surprise, the heavy shuffling steps also hurried.

Suddenly I stopped, grasped the swordcase I carried and waited. Nearer the footsteps came, until I confronted my pursuer.

Time has not dimmed the memory of that moment. In the darkness I could just distinguish a countenance

hideously distorted, the face of a demon more than of a man. One eye flashed and rolled, the other was fixed in a calm, stony stare. It was of glass!

The man, who grasped me by the shoulder roughly, ground his teeth, and gave vent to a fierce growl. Then he cast me from him as if in contemptuous disgust, and disappeared in the darkness.

Chapter II

On the afternoon of the next day I returned to Bygdo. Mrs. Tremayne welcomed me warmly, and so did the invalid. As she lay with her half-falling over the pillow, her dark eyes peered up into mine, and in a weak voice she thanked me sincerely for saving her life. I assured her that I had done nothing, as the blow had been struck so suddenly and mysteriously that I had no opportunity of protecting her. But she repeated her words of thanks, and her white hands grasped mine and held them for a moment. She was undeniably beautiful.

My friend Larsen was away mountaineering in Telemarken. Nevertheless, I did not return to England. How frequently I called at Mrs. Tremayne's suburban retreat, or of the happy, balmy days I spent there, during Eva's convalescence, I need say nothing. Before long we were engaged to be married. Whenever I asked her for explanation of the events that terrible night, she would shudder and simply reply:

"I was stabbed!"

Of the cause I could learn nothing.

One day, accompanied by Mrs. Tremayne, we had driven to Sundvolden, a little village overlooking the Tyri-fjord. We had made the ascent of the rocky Krogklevan by mules, and spent the evening watching the sun disappearing behind the snow-crowned Gausta. It had turned chilly, and the mists were rising before we commenced to descend. Our way lay down a steep, winding saeter-track that ran through a dark forest of pines, and then we entered a narrow gorge where the birch trees met overhead and the mountain torrent splashed down noisily.

With careful steps, our mules jogged along; but it was so dark we could scarcely distinguish anything. I was riding a little behind, when I suddenly felt conscious of some unknown danger. A second later I saw the figure of a man laboriously toiling upward. He paused, peering inquisitively into my face. I started involuntarily and held my breath. His features were distorted by an expression of intense hatred, his teeth showed even and white in a cruel, hard mouth, the line between his eyebrows was deep, the cheeks sunken and hollow. Every line of the forbidding-looking countenance was already graven indelibly upon my memory. It was the Man with the Glass Eye!

He passed, and in a moment was lost in the darkness.

"Did you see that man?" I asked my companions when I came up to them.

"What man?" asked Eva.

"Why, the man who just passed by. He had a horribly ugly face."

"I saw no man," she replied, laughing. "You must have been mistaken."

"But I saw him plainly. He halted and stared at us as we passed," I said, feeling convinced that she, too, had noticed him.

"I saw no one," Mrs. Tremayne exclaimed, and I felt half inclined to believe that I had only seen the sinister-faced man in imagination, that the sudden feeling of insecurity I had experienced had conjured up a reminiscence of that terrible night.

Eva uttered some words in Norwegian to her mother, and then, turning to me, asked:

"What sort of man was he?"

"He was ill-dressed, pale, thin, and looked like a tramp. He had a glass eye."

"A—glass eye!" she gasped, in a harsh, strained voice, as Mrs. Tremayne also uttered an exclamation of amazement. "Are you absolutely certain?"

"I am positive it was of glass."

"Perhaps he was a thief," she said. "Possibly we have had a fortunate escape. We were foolish to remain on the summit so long."

Chapter III

Eighteen months had passed, and I had at last induced Eva and her mother to come to London.

One winter's evening I entered the train for Ealing, where they were staying with friends, flung myself into a corner of a second-class carriage just as the guard blew his whistle. A moment later, while the train was in motion, the handle rattled, and the door flew open to admit another passenger. Without glancing at him, I pulled an evening paper from my pocket and read.

It was the third week in December, and the weather was detestable. Driven against the windows by violent gusts of wind, the rain showered like hailstones upon the panes. Suddenly my attention was attracted toward my fellow passenger, who rose and crossed quickly toward me, uttering strange, unintelligible sounds.

I looked up, and saw, to my horror, the man with the glass eye! A fierce fire of murderous hatred leaped from his one living eye as he raised his bony hands toward my throat. I felt the touch of his sinewy fingers upon my neck.

Then I struggled. It was for life. Evading his grasp at last, I sprang to my feet, and, drawing the sword from the cane I carried, stood ready for a second attack.

"You shall die!" he growled, darting to the opposite side of the carriage and opening the door, then returning to me. I saw his intention to throw me out upon the rails. I knew well that my strength would be nothing against his.

Grinning hideously, the man pounced on me and wrenched the blade from my grasp. His fingers met around my throat; then, with the physical agony, my superstitious dread of the man vanished, and I grappled with him, rending his shabby clothes to shreds and tearing his flesh in the paroxysms of pain.

The open door flapped backward with the oscillations of the train, and we swayed to and fro, gradually nearing it. He had his back toward it, yet my efforts seemed to have no effect, until, taking him off his guard, I suddenly exerted my whole strength, wrenched his hands from my throat, and flung him from me.

He staggered backward with an oath upon his lips, and a second later I was alone in the compartment.

Hardly realizing what I had done, I closed the door, just as an express rushed on its way to London, and a few minutes later the train drew up at Ealing, where I alighted. Need I say how anxiously I scanned the papers the following day? They contained a few lines headed, "Shocking Discovery," and I learned that the body had been found but so mutilated by a train as to be unrecognizable. A description of his dress was circulated, and stress was laid on the fact that one of his eyes was artificial. Eagerly I watched the reports of the inquest, but no one came forward to identify him, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Eva and I were married, and had taken up our abode in a pretty villa at Sandgate. Six months afterward, as we were sitting together by the open window in the summer twilight, she took my hand in hers suddenly, saying, "Jack, do you remember that it is just two and a half years ago since we first met?"

"Yes, I had not forgotten," I said, for, strangely enough, the curious circumstances of that first meeting had recurred to me only a few hours before.

"It was remarkable that we should meet at a moment when I almost lost my life," she continued. "Yet the secret is even more strange."

"The secret! What do you mean?" I asked.

It was, indeed, an extraordinary story of love and suffering that she related. It appeared that, five years before, Eva was engaged to marry Oscar Larsen, brother of my friend Hans, and a rising young member of the Storching. They were extremely fond of each other, but as the marriage day approached Oscar's friends were alarmed to notice that his manner and actions were eccentric and mysterious. Doctors were consulted, and they all agreed that it was lunacy. Quickly homicidal symptoms developed, and instead of marriage and a bright future his friends were compelled to have him confined in an asylum in the vicinity.

Eva was broken hearted, but a year afterward he was discharged as perfectly harmless, and on his return to his brother's house a keeper was engaged for him.

He still retained his love for Eva, but it was the maudlin affection of idiocy, and sometimes when he could evade the vigilance of the man responsible for his well-being—he would visit her, but only under cover of darkness, because he entertained a dread of being recognized. To humor him, Eva arranged that he should rattle the letter box when he called, and she would, if at home, open the door to receive him.

Thus all was explained. On the eventful night I had unwittingly given the signal, and she had welcomed me affectionately, believing me to be her demented lover.

The maniac must have previously gained access to the house from the rear, and, enraged at seeing her throw herself into my arms, he struck the murderous blow. He met me later in the fog with the intention, no doubt, of taking my life. Afterward, believing that I had stolen Eva's affections, he would have killed me had I not acted unhesitatingly in self-defense.

I listened to Eva's story without uttering a word.

"He lost his eye while shooting," she said in conclusion, "and the doctors substituted a glass one. It is most remarkable, too, that he disappeared mysteriously about a fortnight before our marriage, and has not since been heard of."

I agreed it was strange, for I saw no necessity to increase her pain by telling her of the tragic end of "The Man with the Glass Eye."

Trapping an Embellisher.

After embellishing a large sum belonging to a New South Wales firm, a man suddenly disappeared. Detective Hickey of Sydney was sent after him and, after touching at different ports in Europe, India, America, France, Holland, Canary Islands and the West Indies, effected the arrest at Santiago, Cuba. Detective and prisoner then travelled to Europe. When they arrived at Sydney the officer had travelled 32,000 miles and occupied nine months in his mission.

Of all European cities Rome has most frequently been in the hands of enemies. It has been entered and sacked more than forty times since 590 B. C.

THE VIRTUE OF LEANNESS.

A Parisian Writer Regards Short People With Suspicion.

"Let me have men about me that are fat," Shakespeare makes Caesar say to Marc Anthony, when confiding to him his mistrust of the "lean and hungry" Cassius. But, according to a Parisian writer, it is the fat people who should be regarded with most suspicion. He has just written a book to prove that an abundance of adipose tissue, in man or woman, far from indicating a frank, honest, generous disposition, often serves as a mask for rascality and cunning. He cites numerous examples from contemporary French criminal annals to support his contention that the most successful swindlers are generally fat people, and that their victims among the lean are legion. Mme. Guerin Cesson, the heroine of the fraudulent matrimonial agency which furnished Parisian sensation, is as rotund as a beer barrel. Mme. Therese Humbert, whose phantom millions long enabled her to revel in the most costly luxuries, is another of his examples of embonpoint, combined with dishonesty. Houllaine, the banker, who was gifted with such rare talents for transferring money from other people's pockets into his own, was a man of aldermanic proportions.

According to the French author, not only are fat folk more likely to be dishonest than thin ones, but their obesity renders it easier for them to perpetrate frauds. This, he says, is because of the mistaken notion that rotundity of figure is an indication that its possessor has a clear conscience; whereas in most cases, it is the result of dealing dishonestly with one's stomach. On the other hand, the lean person, he contends, is naturally less disposed to be dishonest, and because of the suspicion which his slim figure arouses, finds it harder to carry out financial swindles on a large scale.

Garment Supporters.

Inventors seem especially anxious to produce trouser hangers, coat hangers, clothes presser, etc., for the benefit of the fastidious member of the male sex, but they have utterly forgotten to attempt anything in this line for the fairer sex. Women are more careful with their clothes than men, and are equally anxious to procure devices which will keep their garments in shape when not in use. A resident of Leipzig, Germany has observed this



Skirt Supporter.

absence of garment supporters for women and has designed the one shown in the illustration. It consists of an arm pivoted in a bracket on the wall or door. Suspended by a hook on the free end of the arm is a foldable ring, from which skirts and petticoats can be supported and prevented from creasing, as they invariably do when placed in chests or bureau drawers.

Vulgarity and Sex.

Vulgarity, again, is certainly commoner among men than women; and, indeed when a woman is vulgar, she is apt to display the quality in high perfection. The reason why it is rare among women is that the emotional nature is stronger among women than among men; and thus, where men are ambitious, fond of displaying power, of recognition, women are sympathetic, tender, affectionate subtle; they value relations with others more than performance; they encourage and console, because they are interested in the person who desires sympathy more than in the aims which he nourishes. If one's main interest in life is in the personalities that surround one, one is not likely to be tempted by vulgarity; because the essence, again, of vulgarity is that it tends to affix on altogether fictitious value to material things. A man who pursues wealth, comfort, power, position, is always in danger of vulgarity.—Atlantic Monthly.

Home Remedies.

Severe sore throat is often relieved by sipping sweetened water in which there is a pinch of cayenne pepper. Withe hazel is excellent for the eyes, though one should be certain the liquid is absolutely pure before using.

Do not overlook the value of proper and rational exercise. All the muscles of the body must be used to be of value to one.

To Keep Paint White.

The best way to clean white paint is to take a soft flannel cloth, dip in warm water, wring out and then dip in a saucer of clean bran. The friction of the bran will remove any stain without injuring the paint.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MAY COURT JURYMEN.

GRAND JURORS.

Michael Ohi, Catawissa township. Charles Mordan, Mt. Pleasant. Charles E. Stine, Cleveland. William Kline, Benton Boro. Martin L. Garmard, Berwick. John Corbet, Bloomsburg. David Keller, Orange Boro. C. E. Yorks, Sugarloaf. Harry Wright, Conyngham. J. O. Ikeler, Orange twp. Robert Harder, Berwick. Clark Bogart, Pine. Judson Christian, Pine. John W. Fortner, Centralia. Wm. Coffman, Bloomsburg. Peter J. Deimer, Catawissa Boro. A. F. Hartman, Catawissa Boro. Charles E. Hull, Berwick. John Harp, Mt. Pleasant. G. P. Wakefield, Berwick. Charles H. Breisch, Main. Ranck Patterson, Hemlock. John R. McAnall, Berwick.

FIRST WREK.

Z. A. Butt, Benton Boro. David Faust, Montour. George Whitenight, Madison. Henry M. Evans, Berwick. C. La Rue, Eves, Millville. Charles H. Fritz, Berwick. Elias Stephens, Jackson. Wm. Custer, Scott. Elliott Adams, Berwick. Charles U. Faus, Pine. Wm. Dennison, Main. Richard Hess, Main. Henry F. Rittenhouse, Briarclerk. Albert Cole, Sugarloaf. Rush Harrison, Fishingcreek. Elwood Kanouse, Scott. Alf. Burlingame, Scott. Joshua Womer, Locust. Boyd Hartzell, Main. R. C. Kindt, Mt. Pleasant. Jacob Kindig, Berwick. J. B. M. Bardo, Madison. Jacob Sones, Jackson. Heister White, Mount Pleasant. W. B. Hess, Fishingcreek. Albert Mummy, Beaver. John Kelly, Bloomsburg. Duval Dixon, Berwick. John M. Hummel, Fishingcreek. Ransloe George, Cleveland. Chester Speary, Benton twp. Simon R. Karl, Locust. Samuel W. Baker, Bloomsburg. Linn Pursel, Millville. George S. Lee, Madison. Henry Loux, Berwick. S. E. Rucke, Orange twp. John W. Lewis, Bloomsburg. A. R. Henrie, Mifflin. Howard Oman, Mt. Pleasant. J. D. Henry, Orange Boro. J. H. Townsend, Scott. Lloyd Appleman, Benton Boro. Charles O. Moist, Madison. John W. Masteller, Bloomsburg. Taylor Rucke, Montour. Valentine Stout, Sugarloaf. Alfred B. Cole, Millville.

SECOND WREK.

Howard Pursel, Bloomsburg. L. E. Schwartz, Bloomsburg. Edward Levan, Conyngham. J. E. Sands, Mt. Pleasant. John G. Laubach, Sugarloaf. Boyd Fry, Bloomsburg. Evan Buckalew, Benton Boro. Bruce Calander, Briarclerk. Aaron Trexler, Conyngham. Charles Berger, Catawissa Boro. Lorenza D. Rohrbach, Franklin. Joseph Hancock, Greenwood. Charles Smith, Madison. Isaac Maritz, Briarclerk. Adam Brucius, Catawissa Boro. Wesley Smith, Mt. Pleasant. Pierce Keifer, Centre. G. W. Vanlieu, Fishingcreek. Mordicai Yeum, Jackson. Iram D. Pital, Pine. Daniel Derr, Mifflin. Jessie O. Edwards, Berwick. Joe Hippensteel, Scott. C. W. McKelvy, Bloomsburg. Frens Hunsinger, Berwick. Thos. Mensch, Catawissa twp. Elias Geiger, Montour. Clarence F. Redline, Mifflin.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of

Trolley Connections Between Sunbury and Williamsport.

The Danville news of yesterday says:

With the building of a trolley line from Lewisburg to Mifflinburg; with the Lewisburg, Milton & Watsontown Passenger Railway company planning to extend its line to Sunbury; with Muncy and Montgomery connected by an auto line that is to be put into operation with the opening of the present summer, the possibilities of having a complete trolley connection between Sunbury and Williamsport seems to be a matter of but a short space of time.

All this activity has been made possible by the erection of the new bridge at Lewisburg, and the subsequent announcement that the trolley line would enter that town.

A Growing Form of Insanity.

The Pennsylvania railroad has put a stop to the hazing of bridal parties at its Wilmington station. The Lewistown Sentinel thinks that the application of the rule is too limited. The railroad company ought to enforce it at every station, and if necessary the local police, Constabulary and National Guard should be called out and put an effectual ban on this form of insanity that breaks out at so many weddings.

It is a wonder that the railroads have tolerated this nuisance as long as they have. It may be fun to those who do it, but it is a great annoyance to a modest young bride and disgusting to passengers on the train who have to endure it.

Nature has just one pigment on her palette with which she produces all the marvelous tints of beauty, and that one pigment is the blood. The shell-like pink beneath the finger nails, the delicate rose of the cheek, the cherry ripeness of the lips, the iridescent brilliance of the eyes are all produced by the blood. Just as the permanence of a beautiful painting will depend upon the purity of the colors with which it is painted, so the permanence of beauty depends on the purity of the blood. Paint, powder and cosmetics won't avail to preserve beauty. Beauty begins in the blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a true beautifier, because it provides for nature that pure blood with which alone she can paint. The use of this medicine will cleanse the skin, heighten the complexion, brighten the eyes, and give to the face and form that radiance of health which is the greatest charm of beauty.

This is not a "patent medicine" because every bottle bears upon its wrapper a full list of the ingredients. Send for free booklet to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Here is Relief for Women. If you have pains in the back, urinary, bladder or kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant, home cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's Australian Leaf. It is a safe and never-failing monthly regulator. At Drugstore or by mail 50 cents. Sample package FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

Paper napkins and doilies at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. April 17, 1907.

With the fight in Ohio fairly started, it is only natural that the people who have become used to something doing every minute should be looking for fresh developments. They are likely to come in the fight for the presidential nomination and come frequently. One of the next things that is expected is a show of hands in the south. There have been a number of conferences at the White House recently with influential men from the south and it is thought the President will try to win the support of the negro vote now strongly inclining to Foraker. Of course the white vote of the south will not figure largely in the state primaries for the Republican nomination, and it is said that the outlook for the President among the colored voters is not so bright as it might be. For instance, Judson Lyons of Georgia, former register of the Treasury, is supposed to be able to swing the Georgia delegation, and he is believed to be for Foraker or Fairbanks or anything to beat the president's choice. There will be a strong effort made to line up some of the southern states for President Roosevelt's nominee, but the outlook just now is none too bright and if there is anything done it must be done quite speedily.

Charles Conant, an old newspaper man and now a statistician and financial writer of recognized standing, called at the White House to pay his respects to the President this week. He is just back from Cuba and he explained the situation as it appeared to him. He says that both the local and the foreign governments are loath to see the United States let go of the island for purely practical reasons. Much money is needed for the sugar crop on which the prosperity of the island depends. The banks are perfectly willing to lend money on the crop so long as conditions are stable. But they are not willing to raise a loan if there is danger of a revolutionary outbreak while the money is still tied up in the crop. Everybody knows there is not going to be any revolution so long as the United States is in charge of the island, and so everyone is anxious for this government to keep hold till after the crop is harvested. And then they will want us to do the same kind of office till the next crop is harvested and so it will go. This government does not want a perpetual job of lid-sitting in Cuba. But it looks as though it were going to be very hard to let go.

Plans are continually being made to further immigration to the south, and one of the latest has been laid before the Secretary for Commerce and Labor by Chas. Allen of Evansville, Indiana. Mr. Allen is a large land holder in the south and he wants to import a lot of farm laborers with the understanding that they shall farm his plantations on shares. The scheme is legitimate enough and if it could be followed there are doubtless many other southern planters who would be glad to make contracts abroad to have their farms worked on the same conditions. But it looks as though the alien contract labor law would be in the way of this scheme and the matter, after being considered by Immigration Commissioner Frank Sargent, has been laid aside to be referred to Secretary Strauss on his return from the Peace Conference in New York.

Quite a little excitement was caused among the correspondents one night last week by the report that E. H. Harriman was making a hurry up trip to Washington.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c. per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A New Orleans woman was thin.
Because she did not extract sufficient nourishment from her food.
She took **Scott's Emulsion**.
Result:
She gained a pound a day in weight.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00

from New York. The immediate conclusion was that there was something big doing in the railroad situation. Several of the New York correspondents received wires from their home offices that Harriman was flying to Washington by special train and to catch him and interview him at all costs. The information was true enough, but Mr. Harriman alighted from his private car outside the depot and drove up town on his mysterious errand. Newspaper Row as turned upside down for awhile in an endeavor to locate him and it was not till the small hours of the morning that it was discovered he had been harmlessly attending a dinner of the Academy of Sciences at the home of Chas. D. Walcott, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. It seems that Mr. Harriman and Mr. Walcott are old friends and he asked for an invitation to the dinner some weeks ago. Of course it was given, and he jumped in his private car and came down to Washington to attend it, returning in the same way to New York long after midnight. He had spent the evening very innocently sitting between a Doctor of Philosophy of Johns Hopkins and a professor of Harvard. But it was hard to make the newspaper men believe anything Harriman could do was harmless.

Speaking of the Academy of Sciences, this is the premier scientific institution of the United States, and it meets annually in Washington. The session it has been holding this week was important in that Prof. Alexander Agassiz of Harvard who has been the President of the society for five years, resigned and there was elected in his place Prof. Ira Rensen of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, who is the foremost chemist of the country. Chas. D. Walcott was elected to the vacancy in the vice presidency caused by the promotion of Prof. Remsen.

There has been a little breeze in diplomatic circles this week over the revocation of the exequatur of vice consul Ekerstrom representative of Sweden in St. Louis. It is not often that the United States asks for the recall of a consul, but Mr. Ekerstrom has been mixed up in a fight with the Postoffice Department over a publishing company in St. Louis that had been barred from the use of the mails. It was not a thing in which a foreign consul would usually be involved, but Mr. Ekerstrom had not only engaged in the fight but had written a letter to the President attacking ex-post-master General Cortelyou. His recall was therefore asked for and he has been spending all of this week in Washington trying to explain to the State Department how sorry he was. His apology has been taken under advisement by Secretary Root but no decision in the case has yet been announced and it is likely that he will be made an example of as a warning to foreign officials to let our internal affairs alone.

The Old Story.

It's the old, old story. A few weeks ago the hasty marriage took place of a pretty Snyderstown girl to a member of a theatrical company that was playing at Shamokin, where the girl was employed. She was engaged at the time to a young farmer, who was very much wrought up over the affair. Now the sequel comes from New York, where the bride, husbandless and penniless, writes home for money to bring her back.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, batonial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from \$1.50 per 1000 printed, up to \$5.00. Largest stock in the country to select from.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

TRIAL LIST.

For Week Beginning Monday, May 6th, 1907

James E. Roys vs. J. H. Coleman and J. H. Carlson, trading as Coleman & Carlson.
S. R. Carl vs. The Grimes Feed Store.
John Rakakis vs. American Assurance Company.
Gideon Michael vs. Mary Petty.
The Michigan Tobacco Co. vs. Alexander Bros. & Co.
Geo. S. Yount vs. The Dillon Greenhouse Co.
Ontario Drill Co. vs. McHenry & Edson.
S. W. Cole vs. B. F. Gardner.
James Reichard vs. Lauretta Mummy.
J. M. Vought vs. D. E. Fegley, agt. for C. C. Mensch and J. R. Ritter.
C. C. Dawson vs. J. J. Robinson.

SECOND WEEK.

Fred Hummel vs. Tide Water Pipe Line Co.
H. M. Vocum vs. Columbia County.
Lillie Atherholt and John Atherholt vs. Charles Hughes.
E. D. Tewksbury admr. vs. Phila. & Reading Railway Co.
J. W. Adams vs. Wm. Adams.
Wm. Ney vs. The Phila. & Reading Railway Co.
Sarah J. Martz vs. Boro of Berwick.
George Confair vs. American Car and Foundry Co.
Baxter and Young vs. Avery Clinton Sickle.
B. M. White vs. Centre Township.
Henry Miller vs. The Phila. and Reading Railway Co.
Rachael Echenrote, Samuel Cole, Susan Getz, Clara Reimard, Joseph Cole, Ada P. Cole, John Cole by his guardian Samuel Cole vs. Wm. Pursell.
Wilbur C. Hower vs. The Town of Bloomsburg.
J. L. Reese vs. J. F. Lamont.

The Com. of Penn. at the suggestion and to the use of Hoover, Owen Reentschler Co., a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ohio and for the use of all persons who it may concern vs. Daniel Knorr, P. Zimmerman, John L. Kline, Ezariah Vocum and Simon R. Carl. Com. of Penna. to the use of A. L. Fritz vs. Daniel Knorr, P. Zimmerman, John L. Kline, et al.
Lavina Rabuck vs. Pa. Railroad Co.
Daniel Ball vs. Montour Township.
Charles Tritt vs. Phila. & Reading Railway Co.
Thomas M. Mensch vs. S. H. & W. Railway Co.
Ellen Geary et al. vs. S. H. & W. Railway Co.
Adam Truckenmiller vs. Fannie Keiler et al.
John Mowrey vs. P. & R. Railway Co.
Lloyd Fox vs. Reading Railway Co.
Harrison Levan vs. Penna. Railroad Co.
H. D. Miller vs. Penna. Railroad Co.
Robert C. Howell vs. S. B. & B. Railroad Co.
Peter Knight vs. Penna. R. R. Co.
Julia Bibby vs. Penna. R. R. Co.
Joseph H. Slusser vs. The Penna. R. R. Co.
J. O. Frey vs. The Penna. R. R. Co.
Emma L. Smith, exr. of estate of Ella E. Harvey dec'd. vs. Lumbermen and Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co. of Williamsport.
Emma F. Goodhart vs. The Columbia and Montour Electric Railroad Co.
Wm. H. Hauck vs. Cabin Run Coal Co.

A "Sovereign" That Costs Only One Dollar.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., is a "Sovereign" medicine for nervousness, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints, and all the ills peculiar to women. It drives the poison from the blood, and restores the patient to the bloom of health. You will never regret the exchange of one dollar for a bottle.

"Wine is a mocker," exclaimed the sanctimonious individual in the black suit. "Yes; especially when you haven't got the price," agreed the man with the impressionistic nose.

CHILDREN AS MODELS

THEIR BEAUTY MADE USE OF BY PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Children Able to Earn From \$12 to 25 a Week by Posing—Little Girls With Chubby Faces and Curly Hair Sought Most.

So great has become the demand for child models in the last few years that according to a New York photographer almost any pretty child can command an engagement. It not infrequently happens, says he, upon the support of families rests upon the small shoulders and cases in which children earn sufficient not only for their maintenance and clothing but also for their education are plentiful.

It is perhaps in the line of commercial photography that the best field for child models lies. Commercial photography supplies pictures for advertising the product of business and manufacturing houses. Children who pose for these illustrated advertisements earn anywhere from \$12 to 14 a week and sometimes, as in the case of Ruth Wells, \$25.

While children from 2 to 4 years old are most in demand, those from 4 to 10 can be used in one way or another. Another branch of photography in which child models are used is that in which beautiful pictures, ideal heads and the like are sought. These are sold to art dealers for reproduction.

The demand for child models is not so great among artists as among photographers. It is somewhat difficult for the little ones to pose as steadily as is necessary for an artist, but before the camera they can be taken in a moment in all their simplicity and sweetness and they are not fatigued by the effort.

Girls are much more desirable than boys. Out of fifty best known models in the city not more than one-quarter are boys.

When asked what the requirements of a child model are a photographer said:

"Beauty is, of course, the primal requisite. While the infantile type is preferred by many, the piquant child has many admirers.

"Girls, particularly blue-eyed tots with curly hair, snub noses, dimples and round chubby faces are eagerly sought as they make pretty angel heads and are particularly adapted for ideal pictures for art and commercial purposes. They must be plump.

"Little girls with straight locks haven't the same chance of getting employment as those with ringlets. To some children posing is as natural as breathing. They fall into graceful postures very easily. Others are naturally awkward despite their pretty faces and winning ways.

"As to the remuneration which these little artists receive it varies to no great extent from that received by their older sisters in the business. An hour's posing generally brings from \$1.50 to \$3 and after an hour's work the average child is generally too tired to sit longer, though Ruth Wells, one of the noted child models of the city, can pose for two hours steadily without getting weary.

"It is understood that the children shall furnish their own costumes, unless it is a character costume, in which case, perhaps, the professional costumer will be called in. Most of these children have good wardrobes of simple, dainty gowns used expressly for professional engagements. But only recently a dirty but undeniably pretty Italian child was brought in here by some one who picked her up in the street.

"A very soiled and ragged cotton dress barely covered the little one's nakedness, but there was a charm about the kid that was simply irresistible and so I took her just as she was. The picture will be used for a dyeing and cleaning establishment, and it will be a winner, if I mistake not. But that is the exception that proves the rule, of course.

For the Teeth.
The accumulation of tartar on the teeth makes them unsightly and is often the cause of a bad breath. If the teeth are properly brushed each day tartar will not have the chance to accumulate, but it has already been allowed to do so it can be removed by a very simple treatment. Moisten the toothbrush in warm water and dip it into magnesia; rub on the teeth and after three applications the tartar will have entirely disappeared.

HUMPHREYS'

Specifies cure by acting directly on the sick parts without disturbing the rest of the system.

No. 1 for Fevers.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Teething.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 5 " Coughs.
No. 6 " Neuralgia.
No. 7 " Headaches.
No. 8 " Dyspepsia.
No. 9 " Suppressed Periods.
No. 10 " Whites.
No. 11 " Croup.
No. 12 " The Skin.
No. 13 " Rheumatism.
No. 14 " Malaria.
No. 15 " Catarrh.
No. 16 " Whooping Cough.
No. 17 " The Kidneys.
No. 18 " The Bladder.
No. 19 " La Grippe.

In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each. Medical Guide mailed free. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAST BLOOMSBURG as follows:
For Nesquehanna and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nesquehanna only), 6:20 p. m. week-days.
For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week-days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.
For Pottsville and Scranton as follows: 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43, 6:20 p. m. week-days.
For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7:50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week-days.
For Harrisburg, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 4:28, 6:20 p. m. week-days.
For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11:47 a. m. week-days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m., 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week-days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.
For Pottsville, Tyrone, Philadelphia, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.
For Harrisburg and intermediate stations, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week-days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.
For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week-days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.
For Pottsville (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week-days; 4:07 daily; via Lewisburg, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.
For further information apply to Ticket Agents.
W. W. ATTERBERG, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager, Passenger Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 15, 1904.

Trains leave BLOOMSBURG
For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, week-days 7:27 via West Milton; 11:30 a. m. via East Mahanoy; 8:29 p. m. via West Milton.
For Williamsport, week-days, 7:27 a. m. 8:29 p. m.
For Danville and Milton, week-days, 7:27 a. m. 8:29 p. m.
For Catawissa week-days 7:27, 11:28 a. m. 12:30, 7:00, 9:00 p. m.
For Report week-days 7:27, 11:28 a. m. 12:30, 7:00, 9:00 p. m.
Trains leave BLOOMSBURG
Leave New York via Philadelphia 9:05 a. m., and via Easton 9:10 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10:25 a. m.
Leave Pottsville 12:15 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1:45 p. m.
Leave Williamsport 10:00 a. m., 4:30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa week-days, 6:30, 8:30 a. m. 1:30, 3:30 p. m.
Leave Report, week-days, 6:44, 8:28, 11:40 a. m. 1:35, 3:40, 6:21 p. m.
ATLANTIC CITY R. R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.
WEEK-DAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY.
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	(30 Minutes)	8:50 a. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:50 p. m. Exp.	4:15 p. m.
3:00 p. m. Exp.	8:00 p. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m.
7:15 p. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m.

SUNDAYS.
ATLANTIC CITY. ATLANTIC CITY. CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl. 5:00 p. m. Lcl. 8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp. 7:15 p. m. Exp. 8:50 a. m.
3:00 p. m. Exp. 8:40 a. m.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 15th and Chestnut Sts., 331 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3902 Market St., and at Stations.
Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.
A. T. DICE, EDSON J. WEEKS,
Gen'l Supt. Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1, 1904, and until Further Notice.

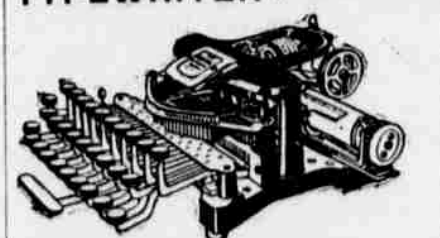
Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:
A. M. 5:30, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.
P. M. 12:10, 1:00, 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, (9:40) 10:20 (11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.
Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.
P. M. 1:00, 1:20, 2:00, 2:40, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.
First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.
First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.
First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.
First car leaves Catawissa Sunday at 7:30 a. m.
From Power House.
Saturday night only.
P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL \$25.00 TYPEWRITER



A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in \$100 machine.
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay \$100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only \$25.
Why tie up that \$75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.
Postal Typewriter Company.
8-2410. Norwalk Conn.

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st, 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	6 46 10 00	11 00	5 00
Cameron.....	6 56.....	11 10	5 10
Danville.....	7 06 10 10	11 20	5 20
Catawissa.....	7 16 10 20	11 30	5 30
Rupert.....	7 26 10 30	11 40	5 40
Bloomsburg.....	7 31 10 35	11 45	5 45
ESP.....	7 37 10 41	11 50	5 50
Lime Ridge.....	7 47 10 51	12 00	6 00
Willow Grove.....	7 57.....	12 10	6 10
Berwick.....	8 07.....	12 20	6 20
Beach Haven.....	8 17 11 30	12 30	6 30
Hick's Ferry.....	8 27 11 40	12 40	6 40
Shick's Ferry.....	8 37 11 50	12 50	6 50
Hick's Ferry.....	8 47.....	1 00	7 00
Nanticoke.....	8 57.....	1 10	7 10
Avondale.....	9 07.....	1 20	7 20
Plymouth Junction.....	9 17.....	1 30	7 30
Plymouth Junction.....	9 27.....	1 40	7 40
Kingston.....	9 37.....	1 50	7 50
Forty Fort.....	9 47.....	2 00	8 00
Worms.....	9 57.....	2 10	8 10
West Pottsville.....	10 07.....	2 20	8 20
Susquehanna Ave.....	10 17.....	2 30	8 30
Pittston.....	10 27.....	2 40	8 40
Durys.....	10 37.....	2 50	8 50
Susquehanna Ave.....	10 47.....	3 00	9 00
Taylor.....	10 57.....	3 10	9 10
SCRANTON.....	11 07.....	3 20	9 20

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON.....	6 35 10 30	1 55	6 40
Taylor.....	6 45 10 40	2 05	6 50
Old Forge.....	6 55 10 50	2 15	7 00
Durys.....	7 05 11 00	2 25	7 10
Susquehanna Ave.....	7 15 11 10	2 35	7 20
West Pottsville.....	7 25 11 20	2 45	7 30
Worms.....	7 35 11 30	2 55	7 40
Forty Fort.....	7 45 11 40	3 05	7 50
Kingston.....	7 55 11 50	3 15	8 00
Plymouth Junction.....	8 05 12 00	3 25	8 10
Plymouth Junction.....	8 15 12 10	3 35	8 20
Avondale.....	8 25 12 20	3 45	8 30
Nanticoke.....	8 35 12 30	3 55	8 40
Hick's Ferry.....	8 45 12 40	4 05	8 50
Hick's Ferry.....	8 55 12 50	4 15	9 00
Beach Haven.....	9 05 1 00	4 25	9 10
Berwick.....	9 15 1 10	4 35	9 20
Berwick.....	9 25 1 20	4 45	9 30
Shick's Ferry.....	9 35 1 30	4 55	9 40
Lime Ridge.....	9 45 1 40	5 05	9 50
ESP.....	9 55 1 50	5 15	10 00
Bloomsburg.....	10 05 2 00	5 25	10 10
Rupert.....	10 15 2 10	5 35	10 20
Catawissa.....	10 25 2 20	5 45	10 30
Danville.....	10 35 2 30	5 55	10 40
Cameron.....	10 45 2 40	6 05	10 50
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	10 55 2 50	6 15	11 00

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Steps on signal or notice to conductor.
E. M. RINE, Supt. T. GEN. PASS. AGT.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

21			
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Bloomsburg D. L. & W.....	9 00	2 27	6 15
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17
Bloomsburg Main St.....	9 06	2 42	6 20
Paper Mill.....	9 10	2 50	6 24
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 52
Zaners.....	9 44	3 21	7 00
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 04
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 12
Edsons.....	10 04	3 41	7 20
Coles Creek.....	10 08	3 40	7 21
Laubsachs.....	10 18	3 45	7 31
Grass Mere Park.....	10 10	3 47	7 23
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 28
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45

STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital \$100,000. Undivided Profits \$30,000. Surplus \$150,000.

First National Bank,
OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

OFFICERS:

E. W. M. Low, President. J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President. E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

E. W. M. Low, F. G. Yorks, Frank Ikeler, Joseph Ratti,
E. B. Tustin, Fred Ikeler, Geo. S. Robbins, S. C. Crensy,
J. M. Staver, M. I. Low, Louis Gross, H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of
Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.TERMS:—Inside the county \$1.00 a year
in advance; \$1.50 if not paid in advance.
Outside the county, \$1.25 a year, strictly in
advance.All communications should be addressed
THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1907

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,

W. W. BLACK,
of Bloomsburg.Subject to the decision of the
Democratic voters.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE

CHARLES A. SHAFFER,
of Berwick.Subject to the decision of the
Democratic voters.

NOTICE PRIMARY ELECTION

For the Spring Primary Election to Be Held
Saturday June 1st, Between the Hours
of 2 P. M. and 8 P. M., 1907.

To the Voters of Columbia County:—

In accordance with SECTION
THREE paragraph FOUR of the UNI-
FORM PRIMARY ELECTION LAWnotice is hereby given that the sev-
eral political parties in the said
county will vote at the various
polling places in the said county on
Saturday June 1st, 1907, between
the hours of 2 P. M. and 8 P. M. to
nominate candidates at the Spring
Primary election as follows, to wit:—One person for Associate Judge.
One person for County Surveyor.
Two persons for delegates to the
Republican State Convention.Four persons for delegates to the
Democratic State Convention.Six persons for delegates to the
Prohibition State Convention.One person for Republican Com-
mitteeman in each election district.One person for member of the
Democratic Standing Committee in
each election district.One person for Chairman of the
Prohibition party.One person for Secretary of the
Prohibition party.One person for Treasurer of the
Prohibition party.One person for committeeman
from each election district for the
Prohibition party.JERRY A. HESS } County
C. L. POHE } Commis-
E. RINGROSE } sioners.
Attest A. B. BLACK,
Commissioner's Clerk

THE JUNE PRIMARY ELECTION.

The delegates to the State Con-
vention to be held this year, and
all candidates to be voted for at
the November election, will be
nominated at what is termed the
Spring primary to be held on the
first Saturday of June, which is the
first day of June 1907.The primary election will be held
by the regular election officers,
and the polls will be open on that
day from two o'clock to eight
o'clock P. M.The tickets to be used at the
primary election are to be prepared
and furnished by the County Com-
missioners. In order to become a
candidate and have your name
printed on the official ballot the
following conditions must be com-
plied with:

FIRST:

If you desire to become a candi-
date for delegate to the State Con-
vention, you must file with the
County Commissioners at least
three weeks prior to the first day
of June, your petition signed by atleast 10 qualified electors, of the
county.

SECOND:

If you desire to become a candi-
date for associate Judge in Colum-
bia County you must file your peti-
tion with the Secretary of the Com-
monwealth, signed by at least 200
qualified electors, at least four
weeks prior to the date of the pri-
mary election, June 1st.

THIRD:

If you desire to become a candi-
date for County Surveyor you must
file your petition with the County
Commissioners at least three weeks
prior to the primaries, June 1st,
and signed by at least 50 qualified
electors.

FOURTH:

If you desire to become a candi-
date for member of the County
Committee from your election pre-
cinct, you must file with the County
Commissioners your petition at
least three weeks prior to the date
of the primaries, June 1st, and
signed by at least ten qualified
electors.As the June primary will be the
first held in Columbia County un-
der the Act approved Feb. 17,
1906, these suggestions and direc-
tions are made by the Chairman of
the County committee to inform
prospective candidates as to what
is required of them under this pre-
sent Act of Assembly.These directions have been con-
fined exclusively to such offices in
Columbia County for whom candi-
dates are to be named at the June
primary of this year.Every candidate for nomination,
whether successful or not, must
within fifteen days after the pri-
mary, file with the Prothonotary,
a statement setting forth under
oath, either that his expenses did
not exceed \$50, or if they exceeded
\$50, the statement must be
itemized.JAMES H. MERCER,
Ch'n. Dem. Co. Com.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In this issue I announce myself
as a candidate for the office of As-
sociate Judge of Columbia county.
I have always been a Democrat,
and I assure you if nominated and
elected to the office which I now
aspire to fill, I will be guided whol-
ly by my best judgment, and en-
deavor to do my duty as I see it,
and as I have done it in the past.
I promise, if elected, so far as with-
in my power, a fair, honest and
impartial administration, with equal
and exact justice to all men and
special privileges to none.I will endeavor to see all the
Democratic voters in the county be-
fore the Primaries in June next,
and I will be content to abide their
decision at that time. Based upon
my pledges as herein stated I will
ask the voters to stand by me.Sincerely yours,
W. W. BLACK.Pale, Thin,
Nervous?Then your blood must be in
a very bad condition. You
certainly know what to take,
then take it—Ayer's Sarsa-
parilla. If you doubt, then
consult your doctor. We know
what he will say about this
grand old family medicine.This is the first question your doctor would
ask: "Are your bowels regular?" He knows
that daily action of the bowels is absolutely
essential to recovery. Keep your liver active
and your bowels regular by taking laxative
doses of Ayer's Pills.Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
HAIR VIGOR,
AQUE CURE,
CHERRY PECTORAL.
We have no secrets! We publish
the formulae of all our medicines.

Senator Cochran Doesn't Want It.

Colleagues Want Him to be Candidate for
State Treasurer.A dispatch from Harrisburg pub-
lished in Sunday's Philadelphia
North American says Senator J.
Henry Cochran's colleagues in the
legislature are trying to make him
the next Democratic nominee for
State treasurer.Senator Cochran was interview-
ed at his office yesterday, says the
Williamsport Sun, and when asked
about the reported effort to make
him the nominee for State treasur-
er, said he had heard nothing of it,
and added that under no conditions
would he accept a nomination.
"When I said that I would never
again be a candidate for office, I
meant it," said Senator Cochran.

Roosevelt Seeing Enemies.

During these days, President
Roosevelt is seeing an enemy lurk-
ing behind every bush. He claims
that there is a conspiracy against
him; but all this may be in his im-
agination. Be that as it may, his
erratic utterances of late and his
display of bad temper have been
the cause of his losing many of his
former friends, in his own party.
His manifest irritability leads many
to suppose that, notwithstanding
his declaration to the contrary, he
is anxious to secure another nom-
ination. But, in view of recent de-
velopments, should he consent to
be a candidate again, he probably
would be badly defeated. His an-
ger and excitement, because of al-
leged discovery of a gigantic con-
spiracy to buy the presidency of
the United States, might be excus-
able in a chief magistrate who had
been elected under conditions, dif-
ferent from those which attended
his election. But for Mr. Roose-
velt to stand aghast at the specta-
cle of a cabal of plutocrats, combin-
ing for the purpose of influencing
the choice of a president, is ridicu-
lous; it would be so even with due
regard for the seriousness which
naturally attaches to the baneful
use of money. President Roose-
velt has practically admitted that
he was the beneficiary of what is
acknowledged to have been the
largest campaign fund ever collect-
ed by the national committee of
any political party, and to which
the very men, whom he now accus-
es of being engaged in an unbol-
y alliance to dictate the election of
his successor, were liberal contribu-
tors. Mr. Roosevelt is evidently
suffering from an exaggerated at-
tack of egotism.

—Lock Haven Democrat.

Woman's Home Companion for May.

The possibility that a defunct
cat should have nine ghosts proba-
bly never occurred to any writer
until Ellis Parker Butler contrib-
uted his very funny short story "The
Chromatic Ghosts of Thomas" to
the May Woman's Home Compan-
ion. The story certainly will march
down the aisles of fame arm in
arm with "Pigs is Pigs" by the
same author. Mr. Butler's story
has plenty of good company. In
the same number of the Woman's
Home Companion are three other
exceedingly clever short stories—
"The Wall of the Word," by Her-
bert D. Ward; "The Madness of
Watkins," by Henry M. Hyde,
and "Their Innocent Diversions,"
by Jean Webster. Among the
special articles are "The Progress
of Women in the Last Fifty Years,"
by Charlotte Perkins Gilman;
"Shopping in London" by Carolyn
Wells; "The Home Builders—Plan-
ning the House," by Charles Ed-
ward Hooper, and "Europe on
Two Dollars a Day," by Esther
Brook. Lovers of music will be
delighted with the double-page
contribution "Fragrance," a new
song by Victor Herbert. Dr. Ed-
ward Everett Hale, who writes an
editorial page each month, tells
about a memorable visit to Mount
Vernon. The department devoted
to the child labor campaign con-
tains an important article on "Child
Labor and Education in Southern
Cotton Mills," by A. J. McKel-
way, assistant secretary of the Na-
tional Child Labor Committee. Mr.
McKelway reproduces an agree-
ment made between parents and
mill owners, in which the parents
promise that their children above
twelve years of age shall work in
the mill. Grace Margaret Gould
describes the latest fads in gowns
and frocks; Evelyn Parsons con-
tributes new ideas for summer needle-
work, and Fannie Merritt Farmer
describes emergency dishes in her
monthly cooking lesson. In the
pages for children Dan Beard tells
the "Sons of Daniel Boone" how
to build play forts, and Aunt Janet
sends a message to the members of
her "Club of Clubs." The May
number of this popular magazine
is illustrated in colors—an impor-
tant departure for magazines of its
size.

All "Soap" Clubs May Be Taxed.

The bill now before the State
senate providing for the levying of
a tax upon all soap clubs or organi-
zations of people doing business
with firms outside of the State if it
shall pass and be approved by the
governor will affect many people of
this town. If exact statistics were
made public the amount of busi-
ness done by associations of people
in Bloomsburg and vicinity with
firms from other States would be
surprising. There are numerous
clubs that are called "soap" clubs,
which trade not only in soap, but
in many other branches of the
grocery trade. While the amount
of business transacted by any one
club is not large, if a tax were to be
levied upon it equal to the regular
mercantile tax the payment of the
same would undoubtedly prove
burdensome and destroy the profits.
According to the State rating all
mercantile establishments must pay
an annual tax at the rate of \$1 for
business not exceeding \$1,000; \$5
for a business not exceeding \$5,000,
and so on in the denominations of
fives. These clubs would likely
all be rated under the minimum
class, which would mean a tax of
\$1 per year, but with the addition-
al tax of \$2 for every mercantile
establishment doing business and
their members would be compelled
to come back to the local trade with
their business.

How to Make Ashes Burn.

The remarkable secret for burn-
ing ashes with coal discovered by
John Ellsmore, an Altoona cobbler,
and which has excited attention
almost the world over, is out. Al-
most every householder in Altoona
is now using it with great saving
in coal bills. Several well known
chemists immediately after it was
announced that Ellsmore had solved
the problem of obtaining heat from
ashes set to work to try to discover
the formula. They were success-
ful and here it is:

Common salt, one pound.

Oxalic acid, two ounces.

Water, one gallon.

Mix and moisten a mixture con-
taining one part coal and three
parts ashes, and a better fuel than
pure coal is obtained.The ashes of anthracite coal burn
as readily as do those of bitumi-
nous. This mixture will upon be-
ing placed upon a burning fire fuse
into a cokelike mass and deposit
but little residue.It is claimed that the test has
been made in many places, and
that it works well. We have not
seen it demonstrated, nor have we
heard any one say how long the
ashes will burn. There is one prob-
lem that still confronts us. If
the ashes are all consumed, and
everybody stops burning coal,
where are the ashes to come from
to make the fire with, after a while?Crime and Bloodshed Rule Unchecked
in Coal Region.So alarming has become the
criminal situation in Northumber-
land county that citizens of Spring-
field, a suburb of Shamokin, head-
ed by the Hon. Monroe H. Kulp
presented a petition to the court in
Sunbury Monday morning asking
that Wm. Moore be appointed as
an additional county detective in
order that all persons guilty of
crime might be brought to justice.
In the past month more dastard-
ly crimes have been committed
within a radius of two miles of
Shamokin than occur in the aver-
age Pennsylvania county in a whole
decade. Matters become still
worse when the fact is brought out
that of the last three murders there
is little hope that the assassins will
go to the gallows, while for two of
the murders not a single arrest has
been made and not a single piece
of evidence unearthed which gives
the slightest clue to the criminal.
A feeling of security pervades
the lawless Italians and when they
have occasion to use the knife they
do not hesitate from fear of being
brought to answer for their crime.Souvenir Post Cards are printed
at this office. Half tones supplied,
if.The following letters are in the
Bloomsburg, Pa. post office: Wil-
liam F. Askew, Mr. Samuel Davis,
Mr. J. B. Hoffman, Mr. G. Wilmer
Reinbold, Mrs. Edith Wagner,
Cards, Miss Bertha Abbott, Miss
Edythe A. Doty.

TOWNSEND

WE MOVE

IN ABOUT ONE WEEK.

WILL SHOW YOU

A Beautiful Selection
of Merchandise

IN OUR NEW STORE!

TOWNSEND'S

Spring and Summer Knit Underwear
for Women, Men and ChildrenWe feel justly proud of our Men's, Women's and Chil-
dren's Underwear—we assembled larger assortments of
better values than ever before.This is decidedly the better sort of Underwear. No
maker contributes to our stocks whose goods haven't earn-
ed a meritorious reputation.We are just as particular in choosing as you are and a
lot more particular about the price end of the deal. But
then—no need for you to think about the price—simply
buy here and you'll get a full return for your money.

Women's Underwear.

Women's Swiss Ribbed
Vests—low neck and no
sleeve, very elastic, 10c.Women's Fine Swiss Rib-
bed Vests—regular and ex-
tra large sizes, with or
without sleeves, low neck
12½c.Women's Fine Egyptian
Cotton Ribbed Vests and
Pants. Vests with high or
low neck, with or without
sleeves. Pants umbrella
shape with deep lace 25
and 50 cents.Women's Lisle Thread
Vests with pretty croch-
eted neck and arms, very
elastic 25 cents.Women's Jersey Ribbed
Vests in out sizes, low
neck and short sleeves 16c.Women's out size in
Lisle Thread Vests—high
neck, long or short sleeves
30 cents.Women's light weight
wool (non shrinkable) vests
and pants 85c.Women's Spring weight
Union Suits, umbrella
shapes and light fitting—
high or low necks without
sleeves 50c and \$1.00.

Men's Underwear.

Men's Ribbed Balbrig-
gan Shirts and Drawers.
Shirt with long or short
sleeves. Drawers double
seated 25 cents.Men's French Balbrig-
gan Shirts and Drawers.
Shirts with long or short
sleeves. Drawers with tape
and back straps, pearl but-
ton, 50 cents.Men's fine wool (very
light weight) Shirts and
Drawers. Shirts with long
sleeves and splendid quali-
ty \$1.00.Boys' Balbriggan Shirts
and Drawers. Shirts with
long sleeves. Drawers in
knee or ankle length.Children's Ribbed Cot-
ton Vests—low neck and
sleeveless, 10c.Children's Fine Gauze
Vests and Pants. Vests
have short sleeves. Pants
side buttoned, knee and
ankle length, all sizes, be-
ginning at 15c and up.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG,

- PENN'A.

Jayne's Expectorant Cures
For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs. Coughs and Colds

EVANS' SHOE STORE.

Why not have the best?
40 Styles of beautiful Oxfords
and Shoes to Select From.

EASTER

Patent Leather, Vici Kid,
Patent Colt, Gun Metal,

PRICES, \$1.00 to \$4.00

Styles and workmanship Supreme.
The Progressive Shoe Store
Chas. M. Evans



THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa.,
as second class matter, March 1, 1895.

Work has begun on the Mifflin-
ville bridge.

A. D. Good, an old resident of
Benton, died last Thursday, aged
71 years.

C. D. Kindig has changed his
address from Stillwater R. F. D. 1
to Forks R. F. D. 1.

C. C. Peacock Esq. will address
the Lutheran Brotherhood tonight,
giving an account of his recent trip
to California.

Geo. M. Hughes is considering
whether or not he will be a candi-
date for Associate Judge on the
Republican ticket.

Dr. J. J. Brown has been ap-
pointed ophthalmologist of the Dan-
ville Hospital for the Insane, by
the trustees of that institution.

F. P. Pursel, W. S. Rishton, C.
W. McKelvy and E. F. Carpenter
left here Tuesday morning in Mr.
Pursel's automobile for a trip to
Philadelphia.

It is said that the work of paving
Market Square will begin on Mon-
day. O. B. Mellick has retired
from the job, so that J. R. Fowler
is now the sole contractor.

Miss Ella Stoker, who has been
employed in this office since last
fall, will close her relations here
this week, and will spend the sum-
mer at her home near Stillwater.

James P. Thornton, who for
many years has been the sexton at
the Episcopal church, has gone to
the Soldiers' Home at Erie, where
he will make his home in the fu-
ture.

Main street is not quite as filthy
and unsightly as it was, though it
can still be improved. But it was
not the town council that cleaned
it up. It was the rain from heaven,
and it didn't cost the town a cent.
It is between the showers that the
town gets the scent.

The residence of I. X. Grier,
Esq. at Danville, narrowly escaped
destruction by fire on Saturday.
It started near the play room of
his grand-children, and got up un-
der the roof, where it was hard to
reach. The origin of the fire is a
mystery. The firemen got the fire
under control after considerable
damage had been done.

Dr. J. J. Brown has performed
six operations on the eyes of a child
of Mrs. Albert Sallada of Williams-
port. The child was born blind,
and has been treated by noted
specialists, but without success.
Under Dr. Brown's treatment the
child can now see with its right
eye, and it is expected that its
sight will be fully accomplished.
Dr. Brown has had remarkable
success in the treatment of eyes.

Baseball News.

A full page of sporting news of
all kinds appears in *The Philadel-
phia Press* daily and four pages on
Sunday. All the latest news and
gossip of the Baseball Diamond
and all games worth while are fully
reported in *The Philadelphia Press*.
If you do not read *The Press* you
cannot keep posted on up-to-date
sports.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Ent Post is making arrangements for
a proper observance of Memorial Day.
M. P. Lutz has been appointed to act
as commander at the exercises at the
cemetery, C. S. Fornwald, chaplain,
and Isalah Holter officer of the day.
W. O. Holmes, M. P. Lutz and W. R.
Ringrose are the committee on pro-
gram. They are instructed by the Post
to ask the county for \$75 to defray ex-
penses, under a recent act of assembly
which provides for such an appropria-
tion not exceeding \$100.

Stories by Normal Students.

A Visit to the "Cranks" of the Town.

BY THURMAN KRUMM.

During the Christmas vacation
two young men and myself decided
to pay a visit to a few of those per-
sons of the town who are always
determined to take a different view
of things from what all clear-think-
ing people take. They are a com-
mon thing in every town and city
and naturally have a common name
—that of "cranks." These people,
always viewing things from the
standpoint of a pessimist, are easily
irritated.

Our first place of amusement to
visit was a cobbler shop, the prop-
rietor of which was a bachelor of
about sixty summers. At once we
began discussing the possibility of
extracting sunshine from a cucum-
ber. Like a flash he was on his
feet, his eyes bulging out like tea
cups, and was ready for trouble.
By falling in with his views we
soon had him pacified and again at
work. The main incident in our
visit to the cobbler shop came when
one of the boys put a handful of
red pepper on the stove. Immedi-
ately the cobbler began a fit of
sneezing, and at the same time, if
not sooner, we took a straight line
for the door, being met as we were
passing out by a fourteen inch file,
which luckily injured none of the
members of our trio.

Our next one to visit was an "old
maid," the proprietor of a small
store. In order to make a good im-
pression each of us bought a pen-
ny's worth of candy. We then
asked to see her line of clay pipes.
After very carefully examining them
we "accidentally on purpose,"
all three at the same time,
left them fall to the floor where
they broke into a thousand pieces.
Then the storm broke for certain.
From behind the counter came a
choice selection of English includ-
ing words the use of which would
not be sanctioned by a Sunday-
school teacher. In her mind she
thought of nothing else but that
the breaking of three pipes, having
a total value of that many cents,
rendered her a bankrupt; while in-
stead of doing the latter it helped
her on her way as a lunatic.

We next visited two "maidens,"
the proprietors of a millinery store.
We talked to them for a few minutes
then went outside as if leaving for
home. We, instead, put a "tick-
tack," an apparatus for making
noise, on the window. When we
began operating it by means of a
rosined string the pair of "old
maid" were so frightened that they
began to run and jump as if
run by electricity. One of them
rushed to the door and exclaimed;
I know what you're doing—you're
taking the shutters off of the house.
This incident was the climax of our
night's experiences.

After drawing conclusions from
these incidents, I say without re-
serve that "old maid" should be
taxed, and bachelors should be
hung.

A Lucky Find.

The poet Lowell asked "What
is so rare as a good day in June?"
And the answer is: a right down
good detective story. *Lippincott's
Magazine* is therefore lucky to se-
cure for the complete novelette in
its May issue one that is up to the
top-notch. "The Moyott Mys-
tery," by Nevil Monroe Hopkins,
is superlatively original in scheme,
yet quite within the realm of
reason. A satisfying conclusion is
reached through rapid-acting scenes
of thrilling obscurity. While
love is not the primary interest in
this captivating tale there are
glimpses of the tender passion, be-
tween a niece of the victim and one
of the men who essays to unravel
the mystery, which relieve the high
tension in which the whole is en-
veloped.

There are eight short stories up
to the standard which this Maga-
zine has established—and endeavor
to raise a peg with every num-
ber. Bertha M. Sinclair contrib-
utes one of her best stories of the
far West, "The Deputy," which is
humorous and pointed. A charm-
ing love-story of artistic trend is
"The Real Thing," by Katherine
Metcalf Roof. "The Firebrand,"
a tale of South Russia by George
Allan England presents a powerful
picture of present-day priestcraft
in the land of the Czar. Minna
Thomas Antrim's sweet child
sketch, "Sadie of the Kind Eyes,"
blends humor and pathos. A lively
story of modern home life is
"That Deal of Doughty's," by
Walt Makee. "The Great Tangle,"
by Jane Belfield, is a clever emo-
tional monotone. An interesting
satire of a triangle,—one man and
two girls,—is, "As Managed by
Corolyn," by Jean Louise West.
"Jimmie Emmence, Matchmaker
of Circle N" is a Western love-
story on novel lines; its author is
C. Cunningham.
"Shall we believe in Ghost?"

Danville Choral Society Disbands.

Lack of Interest is Given as the Cause.

At a meeting held last Thursday
evening the Danville Choral society
disbanded.

The Danville Choral society was
organized after the memorable ren-
dition of the oratorio, "The Holy
City" in Danville and Bloomsburg
a short time ago. The meetings
of the organization, however, have
not been well attended, and a la-
mentable lack of interest is given
as the reason for the discontinuance
of the organization.

This seems to be always the case.
Bloomsburg has had the same ex-
perience. A number of times
choral societies have been organized
and have done good work, but in a
short time they languish and die,
principally because the members
lose interest and will not attend the
rehearsals regularly. There are
always a few faithful ones, and
they are usually people whose time
is most occupied. They tire of
going to rehearsals to find only a
handful, and the thing goes to
pieces. Why is it?

New York and Back in a Day.

There has been some talk lately
about the D. L. & W. R. R. put-
ting a train on that will leave
Northumberland early in the morn-
ing, reach New York about noon,
and returning, leave the city about
4 o'clock and arrive here about
midnight. There is no question
but what such a train would be a
great convenience, and there is not
much doubt but that it would be
liberally patronized. Business men
could spend four hours in the city,
and return the same day. Parties
could return home from Wilkes-
Barre after attending the theatre
there.

Now there is practically only one
train a day to New York on the
Lackawanna, and that leaves here
at 10:41 a. m., arriving there at 5
o'clock, too late to do any business
that day.

The matter seems to have gotten
far enough along, so that if the
residents of the towns along the
line show any interest in it, or in-
dicate a desire for such a train, the
company will probably put it on.
This is a good scheme for the
Chamber of Commerce to begin
operations on. Berwick is circulat-
ing a petition for the train. What's
the matter with Bloomsburg?

inquires Rene Bache in the title of
his interesting talk about spectral
evidence up-to-date in the May
Lippincott's. He produces some
curious instances of when "the
ghost walked."

George L. Knapp, a virile young
journalist-author of Colorado, who
is bounding into notice, writes of
the "Legend of Tannhauser" after
a manner all his own, in which is
woven the touching story so fami-
liar to opera lovers.

"Ways of the Hour"—the new
department in *Lippincott's Maga-
zine*—carries four bright little edi-
torials on themes of interest: "Ac-
commodating the Stork," by Clifford
Howard; "Over-worked Words,"
by Anne Hollingsworth Wharton;
"A Billion a Year for Rail-
way Development," by Joseph M.
Rogers; and "Household Decora-
tion," by Mrs. John King Van
Rensselaer.

There are poems of merit in tune
with the awakening reason; and
"Walnuts and Wine" of the best
vintage, to close a first-class spring
number of the Magazine.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in
stock at the COLUMBIAN Office.
The line includes drug envelopes,
pay, coin, baronial, commercial
sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10
and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range
from \$1.50 per 1000 printed, up to
\$5.00. Largest stock in the coun-
ty to select from.

Ask for Allen's Foot Ease, A Powder.

It makes walking easy. Cures Corns, Bun-
ions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating
feet. At all Drugstores and Shoe Stores, 25c.
Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE.
Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 4-1-1.

Skipping the Rope.

Skipping the rope is a healthful
exercise, providing the skipping is
done in moderation. But when the
little girl without discretion is
given a rope and jumps to excess
the result is almost certain to be
disastrous. Small children have
ambitions as well as have older
persons, and when one little girl
makes a record as a rope skipper
some other little girl gets it into her
head that she will try and break
the record; and death or some other
serious illness follows.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Beware the Signature of
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That Easter Outfit

Can be found in our Ready to Wear Section

SUITS OF ALL KINDS \$10.00 to \$30.00.

COATS \$3.50 to \$8.75.

WAISTS \$1.00 to \$8.00

SKIRTS \$4.00 to \$12.00.

TRIMMED HATS NOW READY All Styles
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FLOOR RUGS, FINE LINE.

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—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confec-
tionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

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Carpets, Rugs, Matting and
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You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

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A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity.
If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The
greatest magazines in this country have combined to be
offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before
was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to
say never will be made again. This year several maga-
zines have increased their subscription price, which
shows how much greater this offer really is. The only
reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is
because the magazine finds they have not as many sub-
scribers as they desire in this particular locality. But
only a limited number will be sold at this price, there-
fore we advise every one to accept this offer without
delay. When we have received a certain number we
shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan	per year \$1.00	Our Price \$1.50
The Columbian	per year \$1.00	
Total per year \$2.00		

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the
one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is
always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as
to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter
what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan
resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contribu-
tions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London,
W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Au-
thony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham
Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting
the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of
years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

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THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Date.....

Enclosed please find \$1.50 for which enter my name for one year's
subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name.....

Address.....

TERCENTENIAL EXPOSITION

Is Eighty Per Cent Ready to Open at Time Set This Week.

NEGROES TO EXHIBIT

President Roosevelt to be Present Magnificent buildings still unfinished—Naval Display Will Include the Atlantic Fleet, Besides Those of Foreign Countries.

Norfolk Va., April 23.—Despite the splendid efforts made, the Jamestown Tercentennial Exposition will be opened this week unready. Many of the magnificent structures are incomplete. Yet in the beauty of the water show, with its amazing and in an opening programme with President Roosevelt in the leading role, the public will have its recompense. So vast and complete is the programme that Exposition visitors will not have time to take notice of the unfinished state of the buildings and grounds.

The grounds and buildings are about eighty per cent. finished. No exposition ever before has presented such a permanent appearance, and this in a great measure is responsible for the delay. Several of the most important buildings are built solidly of brick, cement and iron, and these are intended to remain on the grounds as a nucleus of a great park.

The exterior of most of the buildings will be ready when the exposition is formally opened Friday, April 26th.

Twenty-five states will trace their history from their earliest days to the present.

The State buildings have been grouped along the historic shore of Hampton Roads and they command an excellent view of the navy of the world. There have been gatherings of fleets before, but not on such a tremendous scale. In fact, here are few harbors in the world that could accommodate so large an assemblage of war ships.

The naval display will include the Atlantic fleet of the United States Navy, under command of Rear-Admiral Evans, which is conceded to be the finest organization of fighting ships in the world.

The ships have been taken the positions furthest from the water front in order to give the commanding locations to the foreign visitors.

Another Government building is to be the negro building, the exhibits in which will be designed to show the progress of the negro race. There will also be a building for exhibits from Alaska, Panama, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines.

To Meet Gen. Kuroki. Washington, April 23.—The war department has ordered Lieut. Gen. MacArthur, now at San Francisco, to proceed to Seattle to meet Gen. Kuroki, the Japanese commander, and members of his staff, who are expected to arrive there on May 1.



MAJ. GEN. ARTHUR MACARTHUR.

pected to arrive there on May 1. He will be accompanied by his staff, who will act as an escort. MacArthur will be accompanied by a special escort to the Japanese military party, which is coming to this Jamestown Exposition. The country primarily to visit the W. J. Travis, of the home club, defeated J. D. Travers, the metropolitan champion, on the thirty-eighth green in the final for the chief cup of the Garden City golf tournament.

SHOT TO AVENGE DAUGHTER.

Ex-Judge Loving, Thomas F. Ryan's Superintendent, Explains Killing. Lynchburg, Va., April 25.—Ex-Judge W. G. Loving, who late yesterday afternoon shot and killed Theodore Estes at Oak Ridge, the country estate of Thomas F. Ryan, was today admitted to \$5,000 bail. Loving, who is superintendent of the Ryan estate, was told by his daughter that Estes had assaulted her. He drove eight miles before locating the young man, and then killed him with a double-barreled shotgun.

Volcanoes in Chile Still Active.

Santiago, Chile, April 25.—Severe volcanic eruptions continue in the southern part of Chile. The town of Valdivia is covered with ashes and overhung with clouds.

FRANCE DECORATES CARNEGIE

Made Commander of Legion of Honor at Peace Dinner.

New York City, April 23.—Andrew Carnegie, Pittsburgh's apostle of peace and father of the peace congress just adjourned, had pinned about his neck a broad red ribbon from which hung the cross of a commander of the Legion of Honor. This was a gift of the appreciative Republic of France.

The ribbon was so broad that it hid Mr. Carnegie's collar entirely, and only his startled beard could be seen above the red band which the Baron d'Estournelles de Constant himself a wearer of the French cross of honor, pinned the bow behind Mr. Carnegie's head. The emerald order dangled down just over the top stud in the peace master's shirt front. Mr. Carnegie took one hasty look at the jewel on his chest, then he looked at the quick smile, like a child that has received a new toy and is afraid that mother is going to lock it up for a rainy day.

It was at the dinner which was given at the Hotel Astor jointly with another one at the Waldorf-Astoria for the entertainment of the delegates and foreign guests at the peace conference that the presentation was made.

Rev. C. F. Aked Arrives.

New York April 23.—"I know nothing of Mr. Rockefeller," said the Rev. C. F. Aked, as he arrived from England to take charge of the so-called Rockefeller Church on Fifth avenue. "It isn't fair, I can't talk



about him. I think it is very hard to keep calling that church 'Rockefeller's church.' Why he is not a member. It is a powerful and influential church without Mr. Rockefeller. He is a seat-holder and belongs to a church in Cleveland."

QUAKE LEVELS TWO CITIES.

Chilpancingo and Chilapa Almost Destroyed—Other Cities Cut Off.

Mexico City, April 24.—A frightful loss of life and property, it is feared, was caused by the earthquake which threw this city into panic Monday night and lasted four and a half minutes.

It is known that the towns of Chilpancingo and Chilapa, in the State of Guerrero, 125 miles southwest of this city, were destroyed, and that eleven persons were killed and twenty-seven badly injured in Chilpancingo, Guerrero's capital.

Five hundred lives were lost in the destruction of Chilpancingo and Chilapa, a telegram to the National Bank of Mexico here states, adding that both towns were completely destroyed.

Government officials do not believe this report. It is admitted that both cities were severely damaged, but it is not thought that the deaths will even approximate 500. The houses there are low and massive, built of stone, to resist earthquake shocks.

BAN ON RACE TIPSTERS.

Fraud Order Issued Against "Sure-Thing" Men at Gravesend.

New York, April 25.—The postal authorities in Brooklyn and Manhattan are investigating advertisers who offer to give "sure-thing" tips on the races for a consideration. A fraud order forbidding him the use of the mails was issued against a tipster who lives near the Gravesend track. This man advertised in several newspapers that he was in a position to sell "inside stable information." Chief Inspector Mayer sent one of his men to see the tipster. The man was unable to tell from whom he received his alleged information, and his case was reported to Washington. Other supposed fake racing tipsters are being investigated.

\$1,000,000 GIFT TO NEGROES.

Miss Anna T. Jeanes, a Quaker, Benefits Southern Elementary Schools. Philadelphia, April 25.—Miss Anna T. Jeanes of this city, by deed of gift executed last Monday, created an endowment fund of \$1,000,000 in perpetuity, the income from which is to be applied toward the maintenance and assistance of elementary schools for negroes in the Southern States. It is said to be by far the largest single gift for public elementary school purposes ever donated by any philanthropist in this country.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Bottled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Secretary of War Taft declared Cuban national elections would be held in May or June, 1908, and that progress at Panama pleased him.

Havana despatches stated that the conservatives and liberals were quarreling in the Electoral Commission over the federalization of Havana.

A bill for the investigation of the lower criminal courts of New York city and Buffalo was introduced at Albany.

The steamer Acadia and fourteen persons aboard sank during a storm on Lake Michigan.

Rhode Island's Legislature adjourned sine die without having broken the deadlock in a vote for a United States Senator.

Oliver M. Bennett, a broker, was arrested charged with being an accomplice of W. O. Douglass, who stole \$200,000 in bonds from the Trust Company of America, New York City.

Damages amounting to many millions of dollars were caused by the fire in the Toulon arsenal and more than thirty people were injured by falling walls.

The British Territorial Army bill passed its second reading in the House of Commons.

President Roosevelt, answering labor critics, repeats his statement that Moyer and Haywood are undesirable citizens.

Commissioner Bingham, New York City, in reorganizing the detective bureau, will personally inspect and investigate each man.

Mrs. Anisla Louise de Massey's trial for the murder of Gustave Sluon began in New York City with the selection of the jury.

President Charles C. King, of the First National Bank, of Scotland, S. D., has been arrested charged with stealing \$67,277 from the bank.

Colonel C. D. Parkhurst proposed a naval demonstration against Oyster Bay as a feature of the summer's coast defense manoeuvres of artillery and militia.

All the ships in the American fleet assembled in Hampton Roads are ready to welcome the foreign men of war which will attend the Jamestown Exposition opening.

The United States Supreme Court dismissed the appeal of "Lord Barrington," convicted of the murder of James P. McCan, a horseman, in St. Louis.

Rhode Island's Republican State Executive Committee declared for Colonel Colt for United States Senator.

Minnesota's Legislative Committee reported that the railroads of the State were worth \$215,000,000, or \$185,000,000 less than the amount of capitalization.

Rear Admiral Evans, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, declared the United States should keep sixteen battle ships each in the Atlantic and Pacific.

Secretary of War Taft told Puerto Ricans in Ponce they enjoyed all the liberty of the American people.

Havana bankers declined Governor Magoon's invitation to borrow the surplus in the Cuban treasury, saying they could not lend the money they had.

Governor Hughes said Mayor McClellan had ample power under the present laws to investigate all departments of the New York city government.

Defendants in the suit for an accounting of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy's property filed answers declaring the suit was not brought in good faith by her "next friends."

Three Ohio counties are reported to be in favor of Mr. Taft for the Presidency in preference to Mr. Foraker.

William J. Bryan and Senator Beveridge advocated the necessity of a federal license for big corporations.

Norfolk Va., enforced its Sunday blue laws so that officers and men of visiting war ships were unable to get drinks.

Governor Hughes declined to sign the Whitney bill, favored by Senator Raines, making changes in the Exercise law.

Senator Alfredo Zayas, a liberal leader in Cuba, declared the second republic would be established and the Americans withdraw completely.

Counsel for the plaintiffs in the suit for an accounting of the estate of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy said no answer was given to their proposal that six persons be allowed to interview the Christian Science leader and qualify as witnesses concerning her mental condition.

Eleven members of the Thaw jury, after receiving \$100 fees for their services, met at a dinner and planned to have annual reunions.

Fear of a democratic victory in 1908 was given as the reason for the resignation of John F. Stevens as chief engineer of the Panama Canal.

FOREIGN NEWS.

According to a St. Petersburg despatch the Tsar, in granting audience to M. Golovin, President of the Duma, expressed astonishment at the unproductive character of the parliamentary debates and criticised the president for his manner in presiding.

Striking bakers three thousand strong assembled on the Place de la Concorde, Paris, and marched to war the Madeleine, being dispersed after several collisions with the police.

Special news from Russia said the Tsar had given to M. Stolypin discretionary power to dissolve the Duma.

Several thousand workmen, discharged from the Woolwich arsenal for reasons of economy, marched to the House of Commons to impress their grievances upon the British government.

News from Puerto Plata was that the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Dominican Congress had reported on the American treaty, favoring its amendment.

Senator Bourne, of Oregon, declared the public demanded the nomination of President Roosevelt for a "second elective term."

Luther Burbank, a horticulturist, said in a book just published that the human race could be improved by methods similar to those used in improving plants.

Thousands of Americans, says a London despatch, are making the British metropolis their halting place in the course of their automobile tours through Europe.

As the time approaches for the discussion of home rule and the reform of the House of Lords in Parliament the liberals are greatly stirred, says a despatch.

M. Clemenceau's decree removing the religious element from the ancient fete in celebration of the deliverance of Orleans by Joan of Arc has caused a great stir in that city, says a despatch.

M. Pierre Thierry is suing the former Empress Eugenie to collect the amount of a loan made to Napoleon III. by his uncle, says a Paris despatch.

According to a despatch, Dr. Wood McMurtry, who has become famous in Europe for automobile touring is now bringing out a revised edition of his touring map for Central Europe.

A strike of waiters in the cafes of Paris has begun on the boulevards.

Earthquake shocks were felt at Tortosa and Murcia, in Spain; in the vicinity of Constantinople, Turkey, and at Askabad, in Russia Transcaspian territory.

In the British Parliament the Attorney General introduced a bill constituting a Court of Criminal Appeal.

A menacing naval demonstration is being made by French war ships off Mogador, and the situation in Morocco is declared to be very critical.

SPORTING NEWS.

W. A. Larned and George Wrenn, Jr., won the round robin doubles in lawn tennis tournament at St. Nicholas Rink.

William Sandler, a Columbia student, was drowned in the gymnasium pool of the university, his body remaining there twenty-four hours.

YALE APPLAUSE TOO WARM.

Students Warned Not to Break More Glasses and Furniture.

New Haven, Conn., April 25.—In the last month an orchestra has played for Yale men at the evening meal at the Yale dining hall. So enthusiastic have the students been that they have broken hundreds of dollars' worth of furniture and glassware in showing their approval. The dining hall management finally took the matter up with the college authorities and each student has received a notice to "hereafter confine their applause to handclapping and yelling."

The Mongolia Redefined.

Moji, Japan, April 24.—The Pacific Mail steamer Mongolia, which went ashore in Mayatomo Strait, near here, was assisted into deep water at high tide, and proceeded on her way.

She apparently sustained no serious damage.

Village Justice A Suicide.

Paterson, N. J., April 24.—When confronted by his wife, Frederick W. Gardner, a wealthy resident of Ridgewood and Justice of the Peace, shot and instantly killed himself tonight at the door of the home of Mrs. Benjamin Eglin, the young wife of the village blacksmith.

\$500 For Slapping Woman.

Chicago, Ill., April 25.—A jury fixed the price of one slap in the face, administered by William B. White to Mrs. Anna M. Moss, at \$500. The cause of the argument which led to the slap was the refusal of Mrs. Moss to pay the rent of her flat.

Fairbanks's Plant Burned.

Springfield, April 25.—The Indianapolis Frog and Switch Works, owned by Vice President Fairbanks, was destroyed by fire. The loss was \$250,000.

TOO MUCH PROSPERITY.

Reason Given by Western Electric President for Dropping 5,000 Men.

Chicago, April 24.—The Western Electric Company recently has dropped 5,000 out of 25,000 men from its pay rolls. Not hard times, nor the expected approach of hard times, but "too much prosperity," was assigned by President E. M. Barton to-day as the cause of the company's action. "The high prices for copper, steel, and lead metals, which we use very largely, make construction of plants in which our apparatus is used very much more expensive than at any time for twenty-five years," he said. "Our customers, then have to face the probability that the plant put in at the present rate of cost could be duplicated within a few years at greatly reduced outlay. The fundamental difficulty, therefore, is too much prosperity."

PASTOR AFTER LONGWORTHS.

Says Entertainment They Gave on Sunday Violated All Law.

Cincinnati, April 24.—"The breakfast given by the Longworths on Sunday was just as much a violation of the law as the open saloons downtown," declared the Rev. Robert Watson, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, to-day.

In his sermon yesterday the Rev. Mr. Watson denounced the guests at the Longworth breakfast, many of whom were members of his own congregation.

"Congressman Longworth and his family not only broke the laws of the State and Church, but the laws a Congressman, sworn to uphold the Sunday," he said. "Longworth is laws, and yet he deliberately breaks of God as well, in giving an entertainment such as this 'breakfast'."

CHINESE ENVOY RECALLED.

Liang Tun-Yen, a Graduate of Yale to be New Minister at Washington.

London, Tuesday, April 24.—The Peking correspondent of The Times says that Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng, the Chinese Minister at Washington, is to return to Peking.

He will probably have the posts vacated by Tang Shao-Yi, namely President of the Board of Foreign Affairs and Controller-General of Maritime Customs.

Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng will be succeeded by Liang Tun-Yen, at present customs Tao-tai at Tien-Tsin, Liang Tun-Yen is a Cantonese and a graduate of Yale.

JAMES EADS NOW EXPELLED.

Driven from the Welfare Association, Which He Founded.

St. Louis, April 25.—James Eads How, Socialist and philanthropist, and heir of James B. Eads, builder of the Eads Bridge here, has been expelled from the Welfare Association, which he gave a fortune to uplift the proletariat.

Gen. Fry, who led Coxey's Army to Washington, led in the movement to expel him.

Bachelor of 101 to Wed Girl of 100.

St. Louis, April 23.—The authentic records of human history contain no parallel to a marriage which, it was announced here to-day, is being planned to take place at Tatesville, in the Tennessee mountains, on Aug. 1. The bridegroom will be John B. Bundren, a well-to-do bachelor farmer, who attained his one hundred and first year the first of the present month. The prospective bride is Miss Rose McGuire, of Preston, Lancashire, England, who on the day set for the wedding will be exactly one hundred years of age.

Bundren will go to England in June for his bride. He has never smoked or drunk and is well preserved. He expects to live fifty years longer, he says.

Curfew Law For Plainfield.

Plainfield N. J., April 25.—Mayor Charles J. Fisk issued a sweeping order to the police ordering that all children under 14 years of age be kept off the streets after 8 o'clock at night when unaccompanied by their parents.

The order transmitted to Chief of Police Kelly instructed him to announce to his men at roll call that wherever a child of tender age was found in the street after that hour, the policeman should tell the child to go home, and in event of a refusal to take the little one to its parents.

Hats Off to the Flag!

Columbus, Ohio, April 24.—At the first dress parade of the Spring, held at Columbus Post several civilian spectators were requested to remove their hats in salute to the National colors.

"I shall insist upon every one removing his hat when the National colors are raised in this parade and on other occasions of the kind," said Col. Glenn, commanding the post. "Everybody should show such respect to the flag of the United States, and I intend to enforce such respect here."

4 Men and 250 Horses Killed.

New York, April 24.—At least four men were killed and 250 horses burned to death in the destruction of the big stables of the Dispatch Express Company, formerly the old Christopher Street car barns, at Nos. 368-374 Christopher Street.

For hours panic reigned in the neighborhood from the wild stampede of 170 horses which had been unleashed from their stalls in time to escape the flames.

CUBANS PRAYING FOR RAIN.

Liberal Leader Objects to Paying \$2,000,000 for Churches.

Havana, April 23.—Prayers were offered in all the churches throughout the island Sunday for rain, which has not fallen for six months. The country is parched, many cattle



JOSE MIGUEL GOMEZ.

are dying and forest fires are devastating various sections. Jose Miguel Gomez, the Liberal leader in a statement published, protests against the purchase of church properties by the Government for \$2,000,000. He gives as his reason that the church titles are questionable, and the price far in excess of the value of the property.

PLAGUE AT CARTHAGENA.

Three Hundred Persons Sent to Hospital There.

Madrid, April 25.—According to an evening newspaper the Ministry of Marine has received a telegram from the Captain General at Carthagena saying the plague is raging at that port.

Three hundred persons have been sent to hospitals.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

National.			
	W. L.	P. C.	
Chicago	5	1	.833
New York	5	2	.714
Philadelphia	4	2	.667
Cincinnati	3	4	.429
Boston	3	4	.429
Pittsburg	2	3	.400
St. Louis	3	5	.375
Brooklyn	1	5	.167

American.

	W. L.	P. C.	
Chicago	6	3	.667
New York	4	2	.667
Cleveland	4	2	.667
Philadelphia	4	3	.571
Boston	3	4	.429
Detroit	3	4	.429
Washington	2	4	.333
St. Louis	2	6	.250

FINANCIAL.

Stocks were irregular but closed strong.

London markets, though the volume of business did not grow materially, developed a much more cheerful tone.

Details of the Morse steamship merger were announced.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3 1/4 per qt.

Butter. Creamery, extra 30 @ 21 Firsts 28 @ 20 State dairy, fancy 28 @ 20

Cheese. Fancy 14 @ 15 Small 14 1/2 @ 14 Part Skims 7 @ 9

Eggs. State and Penn 18 @ 17 Western—Firsts 17 1/2 @ 15

Live Poultry. Fowls, per lb 17 Roosters, per lb 10 @ 13 Turkeys, per lb 10 @ 12 Ducks, per lb 10 @ 16

Dressed Poultry. Turkeys, per lb 10 @ 15 Chickens, Phila. lb 11 @ 12 Geese, spring, lb 8 @ 10 Ducklings, per lb 8 @ 12

Vegetables. Potatoes, L. I., bbl. \$1 40 @ \$1 45 Onions, white, per bbl. 2 25 @ 3 25

Beets, per bbl. 75 @ 1 15 Spinach, per bbl. 1 50 @ 1 75 Watercress, per 100 bunches 2 00 @ 2 50 Kale, per bbl. 65 @ 81

Hay and Straw. Hay, prime, cwt. \$1 30 @ \$1 25 No. 1, per cwt. 1 10 @ 1 15

No. 2, per cwt. 1 00 @ 1 05 Straw, lang rye. 60 @ 45

Grain, Etc. Flour, Win. pats. \$3 60 @ 3 85 spring pats. 4 10 @ 4 25

Wheat, No. 1, 82 @ 83 No. 2, red. 82 @ 83

Corn, No. 1 white 55 1/2 @ 55 1/2 No. 2 yellow. 52 1/2 @ 52 1/2

Oats, mixed. 47 @ 47 Clipped white. 48 1/2 @ 47

Live Stock. Beeves, city drs'd. 7 @ 9 Calves, city drs'd. 7 @ 12 1/2

Country drs'd. 8 @ 10 1/2 Sheep, per 100 lb 4 @ 5 Lams, per 100 lb 6 @ 7

Hogs, live, per 100 lb. 6 20 @ 7 25 Country dressed per lb. 8 1/4 @ 9 1/4

THE SCALE—A FOOD GUIDE

Man's Ration One Per Cent of His Weight Daily.

GETTING FAT A SECRET

How to Grow Thin Also Revealed in This Simple Rule for Regulating Diet—Starch and Sugar Declared the Best Food for the Sustenance of Physical Exertions.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, is authority for the statement that every man eats every day "one per cent. of his weight in dry foods, and it requires one hundred days for him to eat his head off." If a man eats less he will lose weight, Dr. Wiley asserts, and if he eats more he will gain, which will be good news to the thin who want to get fat. Dr. Wiley said that every person should consume four and a half pounds of solids and liquids every day, but in doing the ordinary work of a government clerk this amounts to above the average.

Dr. Wiley said he had never made an investigation to determine the best foods for mental labor, but he believed the general opinion that particular kinds of foods nourished particular parts of the body was quite erroneous.

"Nerve and brain foods are advertised, but they are all nonsense," said Dr. Wiley. "Nor do drugs have a fattening effect. On the contrary, most of them have a degrading effect. Arsenic up to a certain point has a fattening effect. A man gains in weight for the time and then dies, but that is poison."

"A man may drink a glass of typhoid germs if he is in vigorous health and may not get typhoid fever, because his system may throw off the poison, but if he is broken down one of the germs will produce typhoid. Not a man but has a pneumonia germ in his mouth. It will not effect the healthy being, but let a man get a cold and it will take its seat in his lungs."

"What do you consider the best food for a man to eat?" he was asked.

"I think a man ought to choose his own ration," replied Dr. Wiley. "Lots of people are vegetarians. I think we eat too much meat for health. For the sustenance of physical exertion if you have hard work to do there is nothing better than starch or sugar. The cereal eating nations can endure more physical toil than the meat eating nations. That is not the accepted view, but it is true. You cannot tire out a Japanese, who eats rice. He will draw you around the town on a pound of rice, and be as fresh at the close of the day as when he started. You could not do that on a pound of meat to save your life."

Dr. Wiley spoke of his "boys" in his "poison squad." "This is the fifth year," he said, "that we have been testing the effect upon health and digestion of preservatives, colors and other substances that have been commonly used in our foods."

"The young men are first allowed to eat wholesome food," he went on. "We buy the best in the market. It is carefully inspected by myself and analyzed. They have a preliminary period, during which we vary the ration, so that they do not either gain or lose weight. Then we add a small quantity of one of the preservatives, like borax, adding half a grain a day to their food. They eat that for ten days. Then we increase it to a grain, and they eat that for another ten days."

"Nothing is wasted. If they trim their finger nails they have to bring the trimmings to us, or if their hair is cut they bring us their hair, so we can keep track of the income and outgo, just as you keep a bank account. In that way we can determine whether these things disturb the natural progress of affairs."

"We keep that up until we make them ill, until we produce some effect, a disturbance of some kind. Then we put them on the old ration and observe that for ten or fifteen days, until they are restored to their normal condition. This requires an enormous amount of analytical work, and yet it is the only way in which these great questions can be answered. You can theorize about it as much as you like, but the facts must be ascertained before a final conclusion."

"One of the interesting things we found was the effect of fumes of burning sulphur, so commonly used in the preservation of foods. We examined microscopically the blood of each of our young men. We counted the blood corpuscles, white and red, and the amount of coloring matter, and we found that the moment they began to take sulphurous acid their blood corpuscles began to fade and became diminished in number, the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood being diminished."

Odd location for a Milestone.
The first milestone out of the city road to Colchester is to be found in the taproom of a beerhouse in the Whitechapel road. Probably the house was built over the stone.

Mrs. Astor's Income.
The income of Mrs. William Astor is put down at \$2,500,000 a year, unlimited. She is now 76 years old and a great-grandmother.

The Farmer's Wife

Is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are almost exactly like the churning of butter. Is it not apparent then that if this stomach-churn is foul it makes foul all which is put into it?

The evil of a foul stomach is not alone the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of blood and the dissemination of disease throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour and foul stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every taint or corrupting element. In this way it cures blotches, pimples, eruptions, scrofulous swellings, sores, or open eating ulcers and all humors or diseases arising from bad blood.

If you have bitter, nasty, foul taste in your mouth, coated tongue, foul breath, are weak and easily tired, feel depressed and despondent, have frequent headaches, dizzy attacks, gnawing or distress in stomach, constipated or irregular bowels, sour or bitter risings after eating and poor appetite, these symptoms, or any considerable number of them, indicate that you are suffering from biliousness, torpid or lazy liver with the usual accompanying indigestion, or dyspepsia and their attendant derangements.

The best agents known to medical science for the removal of these symptoms are Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a leading teacher and practical physician of all the several schools of medical practice, have been skillfully and harmoniously combined in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This is absolutely true will be readily proven to your satisfaction if you will but mail a postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free copy of his booklet of extracts from the standard medical authorities, giving the names of all the ingredients entering into his world-famed medicines and showing what the most eminent medical men of the age say of them.

HOME COOKING.

Fruit Cake.

One cup butter, 2 cups sugar, 1 cup molasses, 4 cups flour, 4 eggs beaten together, 1 cup milk and water mixed, 1 1/2 teaspoonfuls soda, 2 teaspoonfuls cream tartar, 1 pound currants, 2 pounds raisins, 1 pound dates, spices. This makes 2 loaves.

Potato Croquette Mixture.

Three hot rice potatoes, 2 table-spoons butter, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 1/4 teaspoon pepper, few drops onion juice, 1 teaspoon finely chopped parsley and yolk of 1 egg. Add butter and seasonings to the hot potatoes and beat till well mixed; add the beaten egg yolk and beat again.

Cabbage Stuffed With Chicken.

Take a large fresh cabbage and cut out the heart. Fill the shell with a stuffing made of cooked chicken or veal chopped very fine and highly seasoned, and roll into balls with the yolk of an egg. Then tie the cabbage firmly together (some people tie a cloth around it), and boil in a covered kettle 2 hours.

Egg Balls for Soup.

Four hard-boiled eggs finely chopped, with a teaspoonful chopped parsley, 2 tablespoonfuls grated cheese, a cup of dry bread crumbs, a pinch of salt and a dash of red pepper. Bind with the yolks of 1 raw egg, make into small balls, dip in egg then in crumbs. Fry in deep fat and add to clear soup before serving.

How to Cook Corned Beef.

The best way to cook corned beef is to wash the beef and have water at boiling point. Then boil slowly and steadily until cooked and cool in the water boiled in. Place on a dish and press. The toughest beef in this manner will be tender.

More Nutritious.

In making broth, by taking half lamb and half beef, it is more nutritious. Thicken with macaroni.

Cider Nogg.

Beat to a foam the yolks of four eggs with two table-spoons of pulverized sugar. Add slowly two quarts of good cider. A little ginger may be added if liked.

To Imitate Ground Glass.

Tie a lump of glazier's putty in a piece of muslin, and gently dab the window pane with it until it is evenly covered. When dry it will last a long time without washing off, and when it has worn away it can be renewed.

Should it be desirable to clear the glass again, soak the surface with linseed oil, and after an hour or two wipe off the soaked putty with tissue paper, and wash the window with strong soda water.

Another method of rendering a window opaque is to fasten to it tissue paper which has been brushed over with white of egg. The chief advantage of this plan is that chief designs can be cut out of the paper before it is stuck to the glass, but when once it has dried on it is very difficult to remove.

Kitchen Herbs.

An authority says regarding the sweet and savory herbs so easily grown in kitchen gardens and which are indispensable to good cooking: Parsley, tarragon, and fennel, should be dried in May, June, and July, just before flowering; mint in June and July; thyme, marjoram, and savory in July and August; basil and sage in August and September, all herbs should be gathered in the sunshine, and dried by artificial heat; their flavor is best preserved by keeping them in airtight tin cans.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS

The Traveling House.

Mr. Jonas Whistlebill was an ingenious man who had ideas that were out of the common, and his townfolk were very proud of him and his inventions. He made so many simple yet wonderful improvements in the town of Gayburg that folk used to come from great distances to admire them.

One day he got his best idea; and he immediately set to work at it. It was nothing more or less than an automobile house.

"You see," he said to his fellow citizens who gathered to watch the work, "or rather you would see if you were as original as I am, the automobile is the great modern invention. Well, I am going to be ahead of the automobile. I am going to build a whole house and automobile."

Mr. Jonas Whistlebill was not only ingenious, but a great worker, and the house grew fast. It was a handsome shingled Queen Anne cottage with fifteen large rooms, and everything in it was of the most highly modern description. It had tiled bathrooms and a music room and a conservatory and immense verandas.

"Thus," said Mr. Jonas Whistlebill, "I can sit on my front veranda and steer the house as we go through the country. And if it should rain, I have another steering bar that comes up through the parlor floor so that I can sit inside on the sofa and steer quite comfortably."

The trial trip of the wonderful house made a great occasion, and it was estimated by the editor of the Gayburg Palladium that more than twenty thousand people had gathered from all parts of the country to see it.

Mr. Whistlebill got a great deal of



"Went as fast as he could."

pleasure for a time, but after a while people began to criticize. One night the Mayor of Gayburg came home late, and just as he was turning into the lane that led to his own house, he saw Mr. Whistlebill's house. It was so dark that he did not recognize it as the wonderful automobile house and he imagined that he was on the wrong road and turned around again to look for the right one. The result was that he got lost and drove around the country all night and got caught in a thunder storm, and the next morning he was extremely cross about it.

The next people to make trouble were the people who printed the city directory, because they received many abusive letters from strangers who came to Gayburg to do business with Mr. Jonas Whistlebill and failed to find the house where the directory said that it was.

One night the family had just retired to bed after a pleasant run down the road to a pretty spot about two miles out of town, when Mrs. Jonas Whistlebill smelled fire. She awoke Mr. Jonas Whistlebill, who soon discovered that the house was burning in the rear and that the flames were already bursting from the roof.

Being a man of quickness of thought, he did not waste a moment, but turned on the power and went as fast as he could toward the town, so as to get to the firehouse, "for," said he to his wife, "we can go to the firehouse faster than the fire engine could get to us."

This was really a very good idea. Only it happened unfortunately that a man had seen the fire and telephoned to the firemen and they started toward the scene over a short cut of which Mr. Jonas Whistlebill did not know.

Thus they missed him on the road and when he dashed into the town all afire and pulled up in front of the firehouse of course there was no fire engine there and the result was that the wonderful house was destroyed.

Mr. Jonas Whistlebill wanted to build another one at once, but Mrs. Jonas Whistlebill thought that she would stay in one place, because she was losing all her friends, as they could not always keep track of the wanderings of a moving house. So that is why the visitor to Gayburg will look in vain now for the astonishing sight of a Queen Anne cottage travelling around the country at the rate of seventy-five miles an hour.

Fortune Telling in Olden Days.

Nowadays girls go to fortune-tellers with strange names shiny, fascinating eyes and weird studios when they want a peep into the future. In grandmother's day the mystery of to-morrow was read in much more simple ways. One popular way was to learn which of two sweethearts was to be the final choice was to plant three sprigs of some rapid growing plant, one named for the girl and the other two for each of her two favorite beaux. The one that grew nearest to her was destined to be her husband. Another way was to lay three twigs on a bench or shelf. If two of them, one named for the girl and one for one of the beaux blew off, it meant that the two would marry and go away. If only one twig, that of one of the beaux blew away, it meant that the two remaining would be married. If all three twigs blew off the bench the occurrence was interpreted to indicate that the girl would remain an old maid. If the two beaux twigs were blown away and she remained on the bench, it meant that she would marry, but not one of those two.

In the winter when there were no buds and all the ground was white with snow the girls used to be so anxious to know their fortunes that they would creep down in the big cellar and hide three onions on a shelf. They named each onion, and the one that sprouted first was the man they were to marry.

Properties of Gold.

Pure gold is unaffected by the atmosphere either at ordinary temperatures or when the metal is heated. It is also proof against the action of common acids when used singly.

Moreover, it confers its properties more or less upon copper and silver when these metals are alloyed with it. Thus, for example, twelve karat gold will withstand the action of nitric acid and the atmosphere at ordinary temperature, but some of the copper will be oxidized during annealing. Nine parts of gold may be alloyed with ten parts of platinum in an ordinary crucible and fire, but such an alloy will not be uniform; a larger proportion of platinum will free itself from the solidification and a homogeneous alloy of the two metals cannot be obtained.

Home Made Liniment.

One cup of vinegar, 1 cup of turpentine, 1 raw egg, put in a bottle and shake well; good for sore throat.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the following Widows' Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on Monday, May 6th, A. D. 1907 by the Clerk of said Court and confirmed nisi and unless exceptions are filed to same within four days they will be confirmed finally.

Estate of Lewis Zimmerman, late of Cleveland township, deceased, personalty \$300.00.

Estate of Martin Kline, late of Orange township, deceased, personalty \$56.32; realty \$243.68 for the use of widow and family and Overseers of Poor of Orange township.

Estate of Cornelius Cronin, late of Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, personalty \$129.85.

C. M. TERWILLIGER, Clerk O. C.

Clerk's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., April 11, '07.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and will be presented to the said Court on the First Monday of May, A. D. 1907, and confirmed nisi and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

First and final account of O. T. Wilson, Guardian of J. Frederick Fox.

First account of L. C. Mensch, Guardian of Mary R. Leader, a weak minded person.

First and final account of John A. Chapin and Sarah J. O'Brien, Committee of Thomas B. Cole, a lunatic, of Benton.

C. M. TERWILLIGER, Prothy.

Prothy's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., April 11, '07.

NOTICE.

The annual election of the stockholders of The Bloomsburg Literary Institute and State Normal School for the purpose of electing trustees. Four trustees to serve for three years and one trustee to serve one year on the part of the stockholders, and for the purpose of recommending four persons to the Department of Public Instruction, two of whom may be appointed to serve as trustees for three years on the part of the State, will be held at the office of the said school on Monday, May 6th, 1907, between the hours of 2 p. m. and 4 p. m.

JOHN M. CLARK, Sec'y.

4-25-07.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of J. H. Dehline, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of J. H. Dehline, late of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WILLIAM BEISHLINE, Administrator.

Orangeville, Pa. 4-18-07.

DISTRICT AGENT

AND SEVERAL ABLE

SOLICITORS WANTED

Our accident and health insurance both industrial and commercial, with Legal Services, is magnetic, the only kind on the market. Write today to North American Accident Ins. Co., 143 Liberty St., New York. 4-4-07.

In the Orphans' Court for the County of Union

INQUEST IN PARTITION.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN F. REIGHARD, DEC'D.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

LEWISBURG, PA., March 19, 1907.

To Mary E. Reighard, widow, John Reighard, B. Frank Reighard, Shamokin, Pa. D. Wesley Reighard, South Sharon, Pa. Geo. P. Reighard, Kane, McKean Co., Pa.

Mary C. Reighard, Kane, McKean Co., Pa. Clara Kiester, Millheim, Centre Co., Penn'a.

Elizabeth Wise, Portland Mills, Elk Co., Pa.

John Benton Reighard, Loganton, Clinton Co., Pa.

Ernest H. Reighard, Gladys, Randolph Co., West Va.

Otto E. Reighard, Topton, Cherokee Co., N. C.

Willis J. Reighard, West Port, Clinton Co., Pa.

Bessie A. Reighard, Lock Haven, Pa. C. S. Whitman, guardian of Pearl U. Reighard, Glen Union, Clinton Co., Pa.

Rhoda M. Whitman, Glen Union, Pa. The Penn Trust Co., Reading, Pa. guardian of Pearl E. Jacoby, Elsie H. Jacoby and Edith Jacoby.

Jennie Kelehner, Jersey Shore, Pa. Becky C. Ent, Light Street, Pa.

Susie E. Townsend, 3537 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, Ill.

John H. Reighard, Light Street, Pa. Carrie E. Reighard, Light Street, Pa. Benjamin T. Reighard, Centrepoint, Iowa.

W. R. Motz, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. C. E. Motz, Monessen, Pa.

Francis J. Motz, Souderton, Pa. Harry J. Welch, Freeport, Illinois.

William R. Welch, Walsenburg, Colorado.

Belle A. Welch, 2147 Grant Ave., Denver, Col.

Frances G. Foley, Superior, Wisconsin.

Charles Reighard, Sycamore, Ills. Florence Bellendorf, Sycamore, Ills.

Roland Reighard, Sycamore, Ills. Walter Reighard, Sycamore, Ills.

Shepard W. Reighard, Hub Cloth House, Chicago, Ills.

Mary Belle Welch, Williamsburg, Kansas.

Louise McWilliams, Water Valley, Mississippi.

Jennette A. Reighard, Freeport Ill. Blanche E. Gast, Millinburg, Pa.

James R. Smith, Milton, Pa. Catherine Wilkinson, Millinburg, Pa.

Belle Smith, Tyrone, Pa.

TAKE NOTICE, that by virtue of a writ of Partition in the estate of the decedent above named, to me directed and made returnable at May Term of said Court, an Inquisition will be held on the premises of Tract No. 1, herein after described, on MONDAY, MAY 6th, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., thence proceeding to Tracts Nos. 2, and 3, and on the premises of Tract No. 4, herein after described, on WEDNESDAY, MAY 8th, 1907, at one o'clock p. m., to ascertain and inquire, among other things, whether the said several premises can be parted and divided without prejudice or spoiling the whole thereof, or otherwise to value and appraise the same; when and where you may attend if you see proper.

The said real estate consists of the following tracts, more fully described in the petition for said writ, to wit: No. 1. An undivided one-half interest in all that tract of farm land situate in the township of Limestone, County of Union, Penna., bounded north by land of J. Merrill Barber and Calvin M. Hayes; on the east by public road and land of the estate Benj. Chambers, dec'd; on the south by land of Sarah F. Barber and Samuel Barber, and on the west by land of the heirs of Thomas C. Barber, dec'd, containing 112 acres, more or less.

No. 2. An undivided one-half interest in a tract of land in Limestone township, Union Co., Penna., bounded on the north by land late of S. S. Myers and William Catherman; on the east by land of James K. Reish; on the south by land late of Joseph Sanders, and on the west by lands late of Noah Bingham and Christian Mensch, containing 98 acres and allowance.

No. 3. An undivided on-half interest in a tract of land in Limestone township, Union Co., Pa., bounded by lands of J. Merrill Barber, Ludwig F. Shoemaker, Horace P. Glover, Benj. Chambers and others, containing 42 acres, more or less.

No. 4. All that certain tract of farm land situate in Scott twp., Columbia Co., Penna., of which W. P. Eyerly is now tenant, bounded north by lands of James Reighard and public road leading from Paper Mill to Espy; east by public road leading from Light Street to Espy and land of Josiah Giger; south by lands of Harvey Creveling and B. F. Zarr, and west by public road, extension of Fifth St., Bloomsburg, and land of Harvey Creveling, containing 156 acres and 37 perches.

HOWARD W. DIEFFENDERFER, Sheriff.

GLOVER & GLOVER, Attorneys.

ANDREW A. LEISER, 3-21-07.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Cornelius Cronin, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Cornelius Cronin, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

ELIZABETH CRONIN, Administratrix.

John G. Harman, Attorney.

Bloomsburg, Pa. 4-4-07.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of A. J. Derr, late of Greenwood Township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of A. J. Derr, late of Greenwood township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased have been granted to John G. Harman, Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOHN G. HARMAN, Executor.

Bloomsburg, Pa. 4-4-07.

Professional Cards.

H. A. MCKILLIP

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Ent Building, Court House Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH R. JOHN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

CLYDE CHAS. VETTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office with Grant Herring's.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Orangeville Wednesday each week.

A. L. FRITZ,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE

ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND

EAL ESTATE AGENT

Office in Townsend's Building

Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK

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Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 22, 1907. Some wise guy who lived before those of us who read this were born, prayed "Lord save me from my friends." A more modern philosopher, with probably a keener understanding of conditions, amended the proposition by invoking the protection of heaven against his "fool friends." If Senator Penrose would work both propositions to the limit, he could hardly get square within the measure of a life time. What his "fool friends" have been doing to him lately is more than plenty. If they haven't put him out of the political game for all time, the signs are misleading.

The instrument with which Senator Penrose's "fool friends" have worked this result is their opposition to the McCord bill which provided for an expression of party sentiment on the United States Senatorship. Whatever the author of that measure had in mind, the result of it would have been the endorsement of Penrose, if his friends had supported the bill. They had the machinery which operates the primary elections and easily could have made it their policy. If that had been done their opponents would have been without a leg to stand on. The average man as well as the machine politician would have supported Penrose in appreciation of his magnanimity, whether he had previously been friend or enemy.

But things are different now. Penrose's "fool friends" have aligned him as against the popular will and the ranks of his opponents have been augmented by all those who favored a "square deal." They say that he was afraid of the popular will. They allege that he would deny the people the right of expressing their opinion upon questions upon which they were vitally interested. Those who know Penrose thoroughly will be slow to thus interpret recent events. But as a matter of fact the Senator is somewhat austere, only a few know him intimately and the minds of all others are open to any adverse notion that comes along. It may safely be said, therefore, that the defeat of the McCord bill by the friends of Penrose has dug a grave for Penrose's ambitions.

A MEANINGLESS MEASURE.

The McCord bill was the silliest of demagogic expression. It meant nothing and was incapable of achieving anything. It proposed the regulation of the Senatorial election by the popular vote. The constitution of the United States fixes another way for regulating that election and that instrument is the fundamental law of the land. The framers of that constitution believed in the principle of State sovereignty. They provided for a Congress in two branches, one to represent the people and the other the States. They arranged that that branch which represented the people should be chosen by the people and the branch which represented the States should be elected by the Legislatures of the States. There was nothing incongruous about that arrangement. It was the logical solution of the governmental problem which was most intricate and involved. It was Jefferson's antidote for Hamilton's imperialistic poison.

The strangest, not to say the most startling, feature of modern political development is in the fact that Republican statesmen are compelled to defend cardinal Democratic doctrine against assailants of other party faiths. For example within a few months Foraker, of Ohio, to all intents and purposes the most uncompromising opponent of Democracy has been obliged to defend the principles of Democracy against the attacks of Populists and Democrats led by Roosevelt, the official head of the Republican party. The same anomalous combination of circumstances had made Harriman, Hill and other representatives of monopoly and plutocracy the champions of cardinal principles of popular government. It is not so surprising, therefore, that Penrose, who is governed by no principle but expediency, should appear in the arena as the champion of a Democratic idea.

But while the McCord bill was of absolutely no value or utility, it was completely innocuous and devoid of harm. It couldn't affect the question of electing Senators in Congress in any way and for that reason the Democrats in the Legislature might have voted for it unanimsously. In fact all those who voted on the question supported the measure not because they

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believed it expressed any vital principle but for the reason that it erected a rock upon which the machine Republican ship might split and sink. Those absent without reason were recant. It is only just to say that Senator J. K. P. Hall was not among this number. He was absent but unavoidably so. He was ill at his home, but if he had been able would have been with his associates on the floor of the Senate.

INCRIMINATING EVIDENCE PLENTY

The capitol graft probers developed some interesting facts last week. The first session of the commission was held on Wednesday and the collusion between Architect Huston and Contractor Sanderson was again clearly shown. One of Huston's draughtsmen testified that some months before the contract was let he was employed designing furniture and fixtures for Sanderson, who appeared to have known in advance that he was to get the contract. Another witness testified that Payne & Company, had "padded" bills for glass and the session of that day was wound up by the reading of a letter from former Governor William A. Stone repeating his previous denial of complicity in the contract with Congressman Cassell's company for the steel filing cases and expressing the opinion that the contract was invalid, because the Board of Public Buildings and Grounds has no right to make contracts for future delivery. He intimates pretty strongly that the minutes of the Board meeting were doctored by Secretary Stott who was at the time a clerk in the State Treasurer's office as well as Secretary of the Board of Public Buildings and Grounds.

This fact brings to mind an incident of the time of the transfer of the Treasury Department from Mathews to Berry. The greatest pressure was brought to bear on Mr. Berry to retain Mr. Stott in office and when that earnestly expressed desire was disappointed Governor Pennypacker insisted on his retention in the office of Secretary of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings. He was probably familiar with the frauds which had been perpetrated with the consent of the then Governor, if not by him, and they couldn't afford to let any one else into the secrets. It would be hardly possible to get better evidence of the culpability of the late Mr. Quay's "cousin Sam." He tried to cover up the evidence by keeping in office those who had guilty knowledge of the crimes just as he tried to deceive the public after the disclosure by his penny-amble excursions. He knew that the people would be dazzled by the magnificence of the bogus French plate glass and veneered pine imitation of mahogany. He imagined that the success of the Republican ticket last fall would prevent an investigation and thus guarantee him immunity from punishment.

FORMER STATE TREASURER HARRIS TESTIFIES.

The principal witness on Thursday was former State Treasurer Frank G. Harris, though the testi-

mony of some other witnesses was interesting. Harry Calvert, of Pittsburg, one of the Secretaries of the commission testified that he had purchased from a firm in that city a set of andirons precisely like those put into the capitol as specially designed. They were not specially designed, the dealer said, but had been in the regular stock list for ten or a dozen years. The price he paid to the Pittsburg firm was \$23 a set though the State paid \$73.60 a set and allowed Huston four per cent. on the entire amount for specially designing them.

The testimony of Frank Harris was really pathetic. He simply pleaded the baby act. Huston completely deceived the Board, he declared and did whatever he pleased with the State funds. They were all hypnotized by the brilliant and dashing young architect, he added substantially, and that gentleman was to blame for everything that went wrong. Huston's story would be interesting, in view of this "confession," but Huston will not be permitted to testify. As Justice Moody of the United States Supreme court stated it during the trial of one of the Beef trust conspirators, putting criminals on the witness stand during preliminary proceedings is equivalent to giving them an "immunity bath." Probably Governor Pennypacker will not be summoned to testify for the same reason. He is anxious for a summons, according to gossip, and would probably tell a curious tale of woe. But he is so directly in line for criminal prosecution that it would be a pity to open up a way for his escape.

Harris made a poor witness. He contradicted himself and confused everybody. But he made it clear that the conspirators had set out to loot the treasury to the last dollar and would have achieved the purpose if the election of William H. Berry to the office of State Treasurer had not interfered with their plans. He admitted that the law had been violated and the people defrauded. He acknowledged having signed orders for "trimmings" which would have cost \$16,000,000. One contract, that for a granite wall around the capitol park at an expense of \$3,000,000, was revoked because the people of Harrisburg kicked, he said. But he was fooled, he added. "I am innocent," he despairingly declared, at the close of his testimony, "and I did not know until now that the State was so defrauded."

LOADED IRON FOR SOLID BRONZE. Probably what Harris said is true but nobody ever imagined that he was such a stupid. Pennypacker encourages that sort of impression about himself but Harris took pride in his reputation as a keen business man. He was humiliated, he said, not because the treasury was looted and the people plundered, but for the reason that the methods were unbusinesslike. His testimony was no more incriminating than that of other witnesses, however. William F. Sauter, of Philadelphia, president of the Williamson Brothers Company, brass and iron founders, swore that his firm had furnished loaded iron frames for the bronze chandeliers and that instead of being solid bronze as required by the specifications and represented to the State, they are "loaded" iron with a thin sheet of bronze as a coating. The value of these fraudulent chandeliers was four cents and the charge to the State about four dollars and a half a pound.

G. D. H.

Due to Overwork.

More accidents involving loss of life have taken place on the railroads in the past year or two than in any previous period of equal duration. In this particular the United States has won a bad pre-eminence among the great countries of the world. There are several times more fatalities in this country on the railways every year than there are in England, Germany or France, in proportion to the number of persons traveling. Overwork on the part of employees has been the cause of many of these casualties. Physical torpor due to excessive hours of labor of railway workers is accountable for the failure, in many cases, to make use of the mechanical devices to prevent accidents.

TO WORK WELL DON'T WORRY.

It Adds Years to the Face and Accomplishes nothing.

The thing that kills effective work is worry. Don't worry. The way to kill worry is the way to kill weeds. No two objects can occupy the same space at the same time. If you indulge yourself in worry you fan the worry into a fury.

As a proof that you can experience moments in which worry is not absent just mark this present moment. You are thinking what you are reading, worry is absent, for no two things can occupy the same space at the same time.

When we worry everything is distorted. Nothing appears natural. The world looks dark to us. Our friends do not seem near us.

There is no hard luck in the world except sickness. All other so-called hard luck is temporary. If you lose your money, do not worry, make some more. If you lose a friend, do not worry, show him he was mistaken. If you lose an opportunity, do not worry, be ready for the next one.

Life is short. The end of life is death. What's the use of worrying? Worry is like drink; the more you give in to it, the more it fastens on you. Cultivate a cheerful disposition. Mix with people who are cheerful; learn to look at the bright side of things. Do not allow the garden of your mind to grow up with worry weeds.

Occupation kills worry. If your mind is occupied with uplifting work or brainmaking you can't worry.

CONCERNING WOMEN.

Queen Maud of Norway is called "Harry" in her own family.

The two best-known women playwrights are Madeleine Lusette Ryley and Martha Morton.

Cashmere shawls are not nearly so costly as they were years ago; but there are many worn by women of rank and fashion which have cost \$2,500 or even \$5,000.

Miss Mae Kennedy was the first woman to go before a board of legal inspectors and successfully pass the examination for steamboat pilot on the Mississippi river.

There are almost no white women in the Congo state—none at all, in fact with the exception of the women in the missions. The Belgian officials do not take their white wives, if they have them, into the country.

A Real Ghost Story.

An experience wherein phantoms presented themselves to view in prodigious numbers simultaneously is related by a young lady whose name, at her request, is withheld, the narrative being endorsed by her sister, who was with her at the time. She writes:

One autumn night my sister and myself, with our maid, were returning from evening service in the village church. There was a thick fog; the moon was full, but it made a sort of steam in the fog, instead of shining brightly. Suddenly I saw a man at my sister's side, who had come there without making a sound. I pulled her sleeve, whispering, "Let the man pass." As I spoke the man disappeared. In another moment we were all bewildered at the sight around us. It was as if we were in a crowded street, innumerable figures surrounding us. Men, women, and children were moving briskly about, some singly, others in groups, but all without a sound. Some seemed to rise out of the grass on either side of us, others to pass through us and to come out on the other side. The women were dressed in bygone fashion, with high bonnets and shawls, and large flounces on their dresses. There was one very tall man who took great strides, though perfectly noiseless; he wore a kind of cape. We approached our own gate, where we should turn in, and then we had a long driveway to walk up before we could reach the house. I think that by the time we had reached the gate all the figures had disappeared except this one tall man. He had quite a different look from any of the others—more horrible altogether. As we entered our gate, to our intense relief, he passed by along the road and vanished. Of course we were all very much frightened. The maid and my sister were crying aloud.

In a case like this, where the same spectral phenomena are witnessed by several persons, the value of the testimony, obviously, is multiplied a hundredfold. For, while one individual may be the victim of a hallucination, such an illusion can hardly be shared by many. What, then, is to be said in answer to such evidence, furnished by deponents of unimpeachable character and reputation for truthfulness? To suppose that they are combining in the manufacture of a lie is scarcely reasonable.—Joseph M. Rogers in *May Lippincott's*.

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